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LKS32MC03x

32bit Compact MCU for Motor Control

Features

- 48MHz 32-bit Cortex-M0 core, hardware division coprocessor
- 30uA low-power sleep mode, MCU sleep power consumption is 30uA
- -40-105°C industrial-grade operating temperature range
- 2.5 V-5.5 V single power supply, internal integrated digital power supply LDO
- Super antistatic and anti-group pulse capability

Storage

- Three specifications including 16kB flash/16kB flash+16kB ROM/32kB flash, with a flash anti-stealing feature
- 4kB RAM

Timer

- Built-in 4MHz high-precision RC timer, with a full temperature range accuracy of $\pm 1\%$
- Built-in 64kHz low-speed timer for use in low-power mode
- Internal PLL providing up to a 48MHz timer

Peripherals

- One UART
- One SPI
- One IIC
- General-purpose 16-/32-bit timer, supporting capture and edge-aligned PWM
- Dedicated PWM module for motor control, supporting 6 PWM outputs, independent dead zone control
- Dedicated interface for Hall signals, supporting speed measurement and debounce
- 4-channel DMA
- Hardware watchdog
- Supports up to 25 GPIOs

Analog Module

- Integrated one 12-bit SAR ADC, 1MSPS sampling and conversion rate, 11 channels in total

- Integrated 2 OPA, settable for a differential PGA mode
- Integrated two comparators
- Integrated 8-bit DAC digital-to-analog converter as an internal comparator input
- Built-in 1.2V voltage reference with an accuracy of 0.5%
- Built-in 1 low-power LDO and power monitoring circuit
- Integrated high-precision, low-temperature drift high-frequency RC timer

Key Strengths

- ✧ The internal integration of 2 high-speed operational amplifiers can meet the different requirements of single-resistor/dual-resistance current sampling topology
- ✧ The input port of the operational amplifier integrates a voltage clamp protection circuit, and only two external current-limiting resistors are needed to achieve direct current sampling of the MOSFET internal resistance
- ✧ ADC module variable gain technology can work with high-speed operational amplifiers to handle a wider dynamic range of current and take into account the sampling accuracy of small current and large current
- ✧ Integrated two-way comparator
- ✧ Strong ESD and anti-interference ability, stable and reliable
- ✧ Single power supply 2.5V~5.5V power supply to ensure the versatility of system power supply
- ✧ Supports IEC/UL60730 functional safety certification

Application Scenarios

Applicable to control systems such as BLDC/Sensorless BLDC/FOC/Sensorless FOC and stepping motors, permanent magnet synchronous motors, asynchronous motors, digital power source etc.



1 Overview

1.1 Function Description

The LKS32MC03x is a 32-bit core compact MCU intended for motor control applications that integrates all the modules required for common motor control systems. LKS32MC033H6P8/ LKS32MC033H6Q8/ LKS32MC037M6S8/ LKS32MC038Y6P8 are MCU models without integrated driver modules. LKS32MC037LM6S8B/ LKS32MC038LY6P8B/ LKS32MC038LY6Q8B are internally integrated with 5V LDO.

- **Performance**

- 48MHz 32-bit Cortex-M0 core
- Low-power sleep mode
- Integrated three-phase full-bridge bootstrapping gate drive modules
- Industrial-grade operating temperature range
- Super antistatic and anti-group pulse capability

- **Memory**

- 32 kB Flash with encryption, a 128-bit chip unique identifier
- 4kB RAM

- **Operating Range**

- The MCU part of LKS32MC034DOF6Q8 is powered by a 2.5V~5.5V power supply. Two LDOs are integrated inside, one of which is 5V LDO to supply power for the analog circuit and the other for digital circuits.
- Operating temperature: -40~105°C

- **Timer**

- Built-in 4MHz high-precision RC timer, with an accuracy within $\pm 1\%$ in a range of -40~105°C
- Built-in 64kHz low-speed timer for use in low-power mode
- Internal PLL providing up to a 48MHz timer

- **Peripheral Module**

- One UART
- One SPI for master-slave mode
- One IIC for master-slave mode
- One general-purpose 16-bit timer, supporting capture and edge-aligned PWM functions
- One general-purpose 32-bit timer, supporting capture and edge-aligned PWM functions;
- Dedicated PWM module for motor control, supporting 8 PWM outputs, independent dead zone control



- Dedicated interface for Hall signals, supporting speed measurement and debounce functions
- Hardware watchdog
- 25 GPIOs. Eight GPIOs can be used as wake-up sources for the system. 17 GPIOs can be used as external interrupt source inputs

- **Analog Module**

- Integrated one 12-bit SAR ADC, 1.2Msps sampling and conversion rate, 11 channels in total
- Integrated a 2-channel operational amplifier, settable for a differential PGA mode
- Integrated two comparators
- Integrated 8-bit DAC digital-to-analog converter
- Built-in $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ temperature sensor
- Built-in 1.2V voltage reference with an accuracy of 0.5%
- Built-in 1 low-power LDO and power monitoring circuit
- Integrated high-precision, low-temperature drift high-frequency RC timer

1.2 Key Strengths

- High reliability, high integration, small volume of final product, saving BOM costs.
- Internally integrated 2-channel high-speed operational amplifier and two comparators to meet the different requirements of single-resistor/dual-resistor current sampling topologies;
- Internal high-speed operational amplifier integrating high-voltage protection circuits, allowing the high-level common-mode signal to be directly input into the chip, and realizing the direct current sampling mode of MOSFET resistance with the simplest circuit topology;
- The application of patented technology enables the ADC and high-speed operational amplifier to match best, which can handle a wider current dynamic range, while taking into account the sampling accuracy of high-speed small current and low-speed large current;
- The overall control circuit is simple and efficient, with stronger anti-interference ability, more stable and reliable;
- Integrated three-phase full-bridge bootstrapping gate drive modules;
- LKS32MC034DOF6Q8/LKS32MC037EM6S8/LKS32MC037FM6S8/LKS32MC035DL6S8/LKS32MC035EL6S8 with an integrated 5V LDO internally

Applicable to control systems such as inductive BLDC/non-inductive BLDC/inductive FOC/non-inductive FOC and stepping motors, permanent magnet synchronous motors, asynchronous motors, etc.;



1.3 Naming Conventions

LKS32 MC 037 D 2 M 6 S 8 B (XX)	
Device series	
LKS32	= 32bit MCU
LKS5	= Gate Driver Products
LKS6	= Power IC Product
Product type	
MC	= Motor Control Applications
AT	= Automobile Applications
RV	= RISC-V for Motor Control
Device sub family	
031KL	= 1 ADC, 2 PGA, 6N Driver, 5V LDO
033	= 1 ADC, 2 PGA
034D	= 1 ADC, 2 PGA, 6N Driver
034D0,034F,032F	= 1 ADC, 2 PGA, 6N Driver, 5V LDO
034S	= 1 ADC, 2 PGA, 6N Driver, 5V LDO, DB00T
035D,035E,039E	= 1 ADC, 1 PGA, 3P3N Driver, 5V LDO
033,037,038	= 1 ADC, 2 PGA
037E,037F,039,031	= 1 ADC, 2 PGA, 3P3N Driver, 5V LDO
037L,038L,038Y	= 1 ADC, 2 PGA, 5V LDO
039PL5	= 1 ADC, 2 PGA, MOS, 5V LDO
039PL3	= 1 ADC, 2 PGA, MOS, 3.3V LDO
Gate Driver Functions	
D	= 3P3N Gate Driver
E/DL	= 3P3N + 5V LDO
S/F	= 6N Gate Driver
SL/FL	= 6N + 5V LDO
K	= High V 6N Gate Driver
O/L5	= 5V LDO/DCDC
L3	= 3.3V/3V LDO
N	= DCDC
P	= 3P3N/4P4N DrMOS
Q	= 6N/8N DrMOS
PL3	= 3P3N DrMOS + 3.3VLDO
PL5	= 3P3N DrMOS + 5VLDO
QL	= 6N DrMOS + LDO
X	= PHY
XL	= PHY + LDO
PKG/Driver Ver	
2	= 2 nd Ver
S	= S 側面上錫
Pin count	
L	=16 pins
H	= 20 pins
M	= 24 pins
Y	=28 pins
K	= 32 pins
F	= 40 pins
G	= 42 pins
U	= 44 pins
C	= 48 pins
N	= 52 pins
S	= 54pins
E	= 60 pins
R	= 64 pins
P	= 80 pins
V	=100 pins
Q	=128 pins
Z	=144 pins
Code size	
4	= 16Kbyte Flash Memory
6	= 32Kbyte Flash Memory
8	= 64Kbyte Flash Memory
B	=128Kbyte Flash Memory
C	=256Kbyte Flash Memory
D	=384Kbyte Flash Memory
E	=512Kbyte Flash Memory
Package	
P	= TSSOP
T	= TQFP/LQFP
Q	= QFN
S	= SSOP
H	= BGA
Temperature range	
6	= -40~85°
8	= -40~105°
9	= -40~125°
MCU Ver	
B	= B ver
Options	
TR	= Tape and reel packing
P	= ES

Figure 1-1 LKS32MC03x Device Naming Conventions

1.4 System Resources

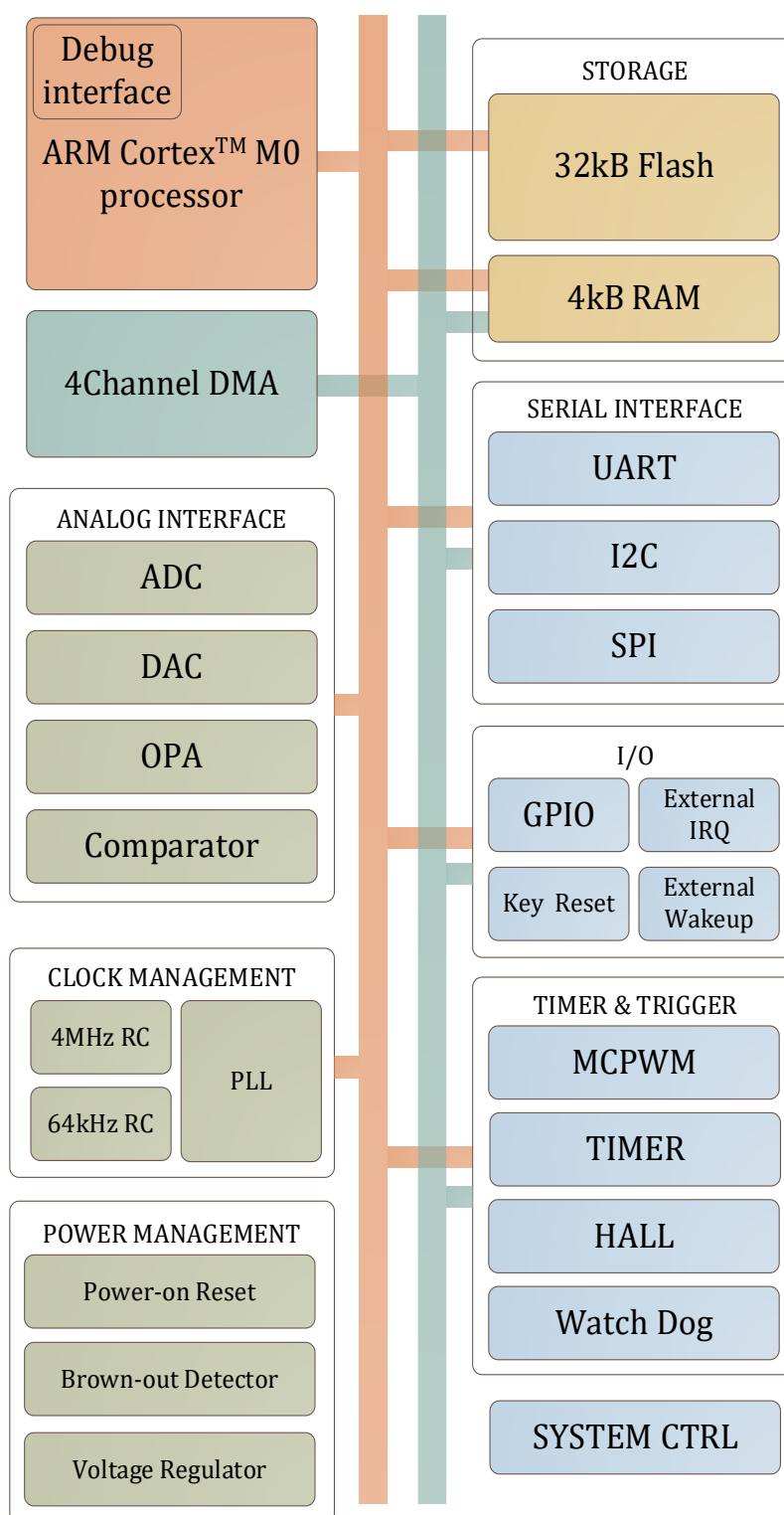


Figure 1-2 LKS32MC03x System Block Diagram

1.5 FOC System

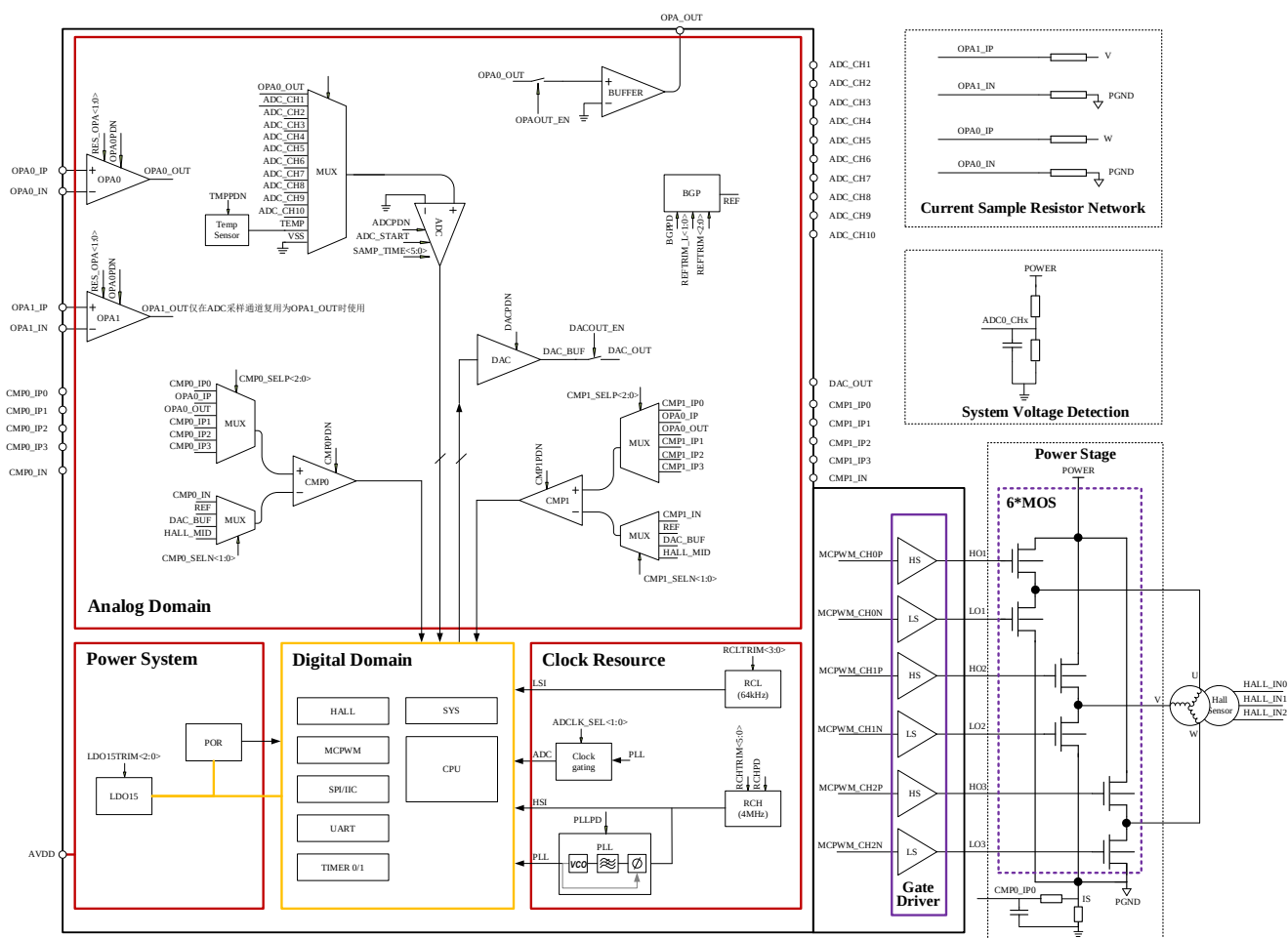


Figure 1-3 Simplified Schematic Diagram of the LKS32MC03x Vector Sinusoidal Control System

2 Device Selection Table

Table 2-1 LKS03x Series Device Selection Table

	Frequency (MHz)	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)	ADC ch.	DAC	Comparator	Comparator ch.	OPA	HALL	SPI	IIC	UART	Temp. Sensor	PLL	Gate driver	Gate Driver current (A)	Pre-drive supply (V)	Gate floating voltage (V)	Others	Package
LKS32MC031KLC6T8B	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+0.2/-0.35	13-20	600	5V LDO	LQFP48L 0707
LKS32MC031KLC6T8C	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+0.2/-0.35	13-20	600	5V LDO	LQFP48L 0707
LKS32MC031PC6Q8C*	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	6	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	5.7-28		5V LDO	DFN5.0*6.0 48L
LKS32MC032LK6T8C	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						LQFP32
LKS32MC033H6P8	48	32	4	7	8BITx1	2	5	1	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						TSSOP20L
LKS32MC033H6P8B	48	32	4	7	8BITx1	2	5	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						TSSOP20L
LKS32MC033H6P8C	48	32	4	7	8BITx1	2	5	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						TSSOP20L
LKS32MC033H6Q8	48	32	4	7	8BITx1	2	5	1	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						QFN3*3 20L-0.75
LKS32MC033H6Q8B	48	32	4	7	8BITx1	2	5	1	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						QFN3*3 20L-0.75
LKS32MC033H6Q8C	48	32	4	7	8BITx1	2	5	1	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						QFN3*3 20L-0.75
LKS32MC034DF6Q8	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1	7-20	200		QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034DF6Q8B	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1	7-20	200		QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034DF6Q8C	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1	7-20	200		QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034DOF6Q8	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1	7-20	200	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034DOF6Q8B	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1	7-20	200	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034DOF6Q8C	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1	7-20	200	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034SF6Q8	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1.2	4.5-20	200	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034SF6Q8B	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1.2	4.5-20	200	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75



LKS32MC03x

LKS32MC034SF6Q8C	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1.2	4.5-20	200	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034S2F6Q8B	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1.2	4.5-20	200	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034S2F6Q8C	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1.2	4.5-20	200	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034FLF6Q8B	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1.2	4.5-20	200	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034FLF6Q8C	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1.2	4.5-20	200	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034FLK6Q8C	48	32	4	7	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1.2	4.5-20	200	5V LDO	QFN4*4 32L-0.75
LKS32MC034F2LF6Q8C	48	32	4	8	8BITx1	2	7	2	3	0	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1	-0.3-48	90	5V LDO	QFN5*5 40L-0.75
LKS32MC034F2LM6Q8C	48	32	4	5	8BITx1	2	3	2	2	0	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1	-0.3-48	90	5V LDO	QFN4*4 24L-0.75
LKS32MC034FLNK6Q8C	48	32	4	5	8BITx1	2							Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1.2	4.5-20	200	5V LDO	QFN4*4 32L-0.75
LKS32MC034F2LNK6Q8C	48	32	4	5	8BITx1	2	4	2	3	0	1	1	Yes	Yes	6N	+1/-1	-0.3-48	90	5V LDO	QFN4*4 32L-0.75
LKS32MC035DL6S8	48	32	4	6	8BITx1	2	4	1	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	SOP16L
LKS32MC035DL6S8B	48	32	4	5	8BITx1	2	4	1	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	SOP16L
LKS32MC035DL6S8C	48	32	4	5	8BITx1	2	4	1	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	SOP16L
LKS32MC035EL6S8B	48	32	4	5	8BITx1	2	4	1	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	5.7-28		5V LDO	SOP16L
LKS32MC035EL6S8C	48	32	4	5	8BITx1	2	4	1	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	5.7-28		5V LDO	SOP16L
LKS32MC037M6S8	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						SSOP24L
LKS32MC037M6S8B	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						SSOP24L
LKS32MC037M6S8C	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						SSOP24L
LKS32MC037EM6S8	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	7	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	SSOP24L
LKS32MC037EM6S8B	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	7	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	SSOP24L
LKS32MC037EM6S8C	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	7	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	SSOP24L
LKS32MC037FM6S8B	48	32	4	8	8BITx1	2	7	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	5.7-28		5V LDO	SSOP24L
LKS32MC037FM6S8C	48	32	4	8	8BITx1	2	7	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	5.7-28		5V LDO	SSOP24L
LKS32MC037LM6S8B	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes					5V LDO	SSOP24L
LKS32MC037LM6S8C	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes					5V LDO	SSOP24L
LKS32MC037QM6Q8	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	7	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	QFN4*4 24L-0.75



LKS32MC03x

LKS32MC037QM6Q8B	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	7	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	QFN4*4 24L-0.75
LKS32MC037QM6Q8C	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	7	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	QFN4*4 24L-0.75
LKS32MC037Q2M6Q8C	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	7	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	5.7-28		5V LDO	QFN4*4 24L-0.75
LKS32MC038Y6P8	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						TSSOP28L
LKS32MC038Y6P8B	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						TSSOP28L
LKS32MC038Y6P8C	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes						TSSOP28L
LKS32MC038LY6P8B	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes					5V LDO	TSSOP28L
LKS32MC038LY6P8C	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes					5V LDO	TSSOP28L
LKS32MC038LY6Q8B	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes					5V LDO	QFN4x4 28L-0.75
LKS32MC038LY6Q8C	48	32	4	10	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes					5V LDO	QFN4x4 28L-0.75
LKS32MC039DK6Q8B	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	QFN4*4 32L-0.75
LKS32MC039DK6Q8C	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes	3P3N	+0.05/-0.3	7.5-28		5V LDO	QFN4*4 32L-0.75
LKS32MC039PL5K6Q8B*	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes					5V LDO	QFN5*5 32L-0.75
LKS32MC039PL5K6Q8C*	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes					5V LDO	QFN5*5 32L-0.75
LKS32MC039PL3K6Q8B	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes					3.3V LDO	QFN4*4 32L-0.75
LKS32MC039PL3K6Q8C	48	32	4	9	8BITx1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	Yes	Yes					3.3V LDO	QFN4*4 32L-0.75

* LKS32MC039PL5K6Q8B/LKS32MC039PL3K6Q8B integrate a three-phase full bridge circuit composed of three pairs of MOS.



3 Pin Assignment

3.1 Pin Assignment Diagram

3.1.1 Special Notes

PU is short for pull-up. The PU pin in the following pin diagrams is designed with an internal pull-up resistor to the AVDD.

The RSTN pin is equipped with an internal 100kΩ pull-up resistor that is fixed to turn on the pull-up, which can be turned off when the RSTN function is switched to the GPIO function

The SWDIO/SWCLK comes with an internal 10kΩ pull-up resistor that is fixed to turn on the pull-up, which can be turned off when the SWD function is switched to the GPIO function

The remaining PU pins have an internal 10kΩ pull-up resistor that can be turned on or off by software control.

EXTI is external interrupt or GPIO interrupt input pin.

WK is short for wake-up, is external wake-up source.

UARTx_TX(RX): UART supports an interchange between the TX and RX. When the second function of GPIO is selected as UART and GPIO_PIE i.e. input is enabled, it can be used as UART_RX; When GPIO_POE is enabled, it can be used as UART_TX. Generally, the same GPIO does not enable input and output at the same time, otherwise the input PDI will receive the data sent by the PDO.

SPI_DI(DO): The DI and DO of SPI can be interchanged. When the second function of GPIO is SPI, and GPIO_PIE i.e. input is enabled, it can be used as SPI_DI; when GPIO_POE i.e. output is enabled, it can be used as SPI_DO. Generally, the same GPIO does not enable input and output at the same time, otherwise the input PDI will receive the data sent by the PDO.

3.1.2 Version Difference

There are two versions for each package. The major difference is the pin location of ADC_CH6/ADC_CH7. For details, please refer to the table below.

B version is recommended for new design.

Table 3-1 Version Comparison

A Version		B/C Version	
DAC output range 0~3V		B Version: DAC output range0~3V/4.8V C Version: DAC output range0~1.2V/3V/4.8V	
P0_9	CLKO	P0_9	CLKO
	MCPWM_CH0P		MCPWM_CH0P
	UART0_RXD		UART0_RXD



	SPI_DO		SPI_DO
	SDA		SDA
	TIM0_CH1		TIM0_CH1
	ADC_TRIGGER		ADC_TRIGGER
	CMP0_IN		CMP0_IN
	PU		PU
	EXTI7		EXTI7
			ADC_CH6
P0_10	WK3	P0_10	WK3
	CLKO		CLKO
	MCPWM_CH0P		MCPWM_CH0P
	TIM0_CH0		TIM0_CH0
	TIM1_CH0		TIM1_CH0
	ADC_CH6		
P0_15	WK4	P0_15	WK4
	MCPWM_CH2N		MCPWM_CH2N
	TIM1_CH0		TIM1_CH0
	ADC_CH7		
P1_6	EXTI9	P1_6	EXTI9
	CMP1_OUT		CMP1_OUT
	HALL_IN1		HALL_IN1
	MCPWM_CH2N		MCPWM_CH2N
	UART0_TXD		UART0_TXD
	TIM0_CH1		TIM0_CH1
	ADC_TRIGGER		ADC_TRIGGER
			ADC_CH7
	CMP1_IP2		CMP1_IP2
	PU		PU
P1_5	EXTI12	P1_5	EXTI12
	SPI_DI		SPI_DI
	SCL		SCL
	TIM1_CH1		TIM1_CH1
	OPA1_IN		OPA1_IN
			ADC_CH8
	CMP1_IP0		CMP1_IP0
	PU		PU
	EXTI11		EXTI11
	WK5		WK5

In A Version, the chip doesn't have ADC_CH8 pin. In B Version, users who don't need OPA1, could use ADC_CH8 by setting SYS_OPA_SEL=0.

The chip contains an 8 bit DAC with an output signal range of 3 V for version A, 3 V/4.8 V for version B, and 1.2 V/3 V/4.8 V for version C.C chip, the SYS_AFE_REG2.BIT15 = 1 needs to be set to use the 1.2 V scale of the DAC.



By reading SYS_AFE_INFO.Version can view the chip version. 1 represents version A and 2 represents version B.

3.1.3 LKS32MC032LK6T8C

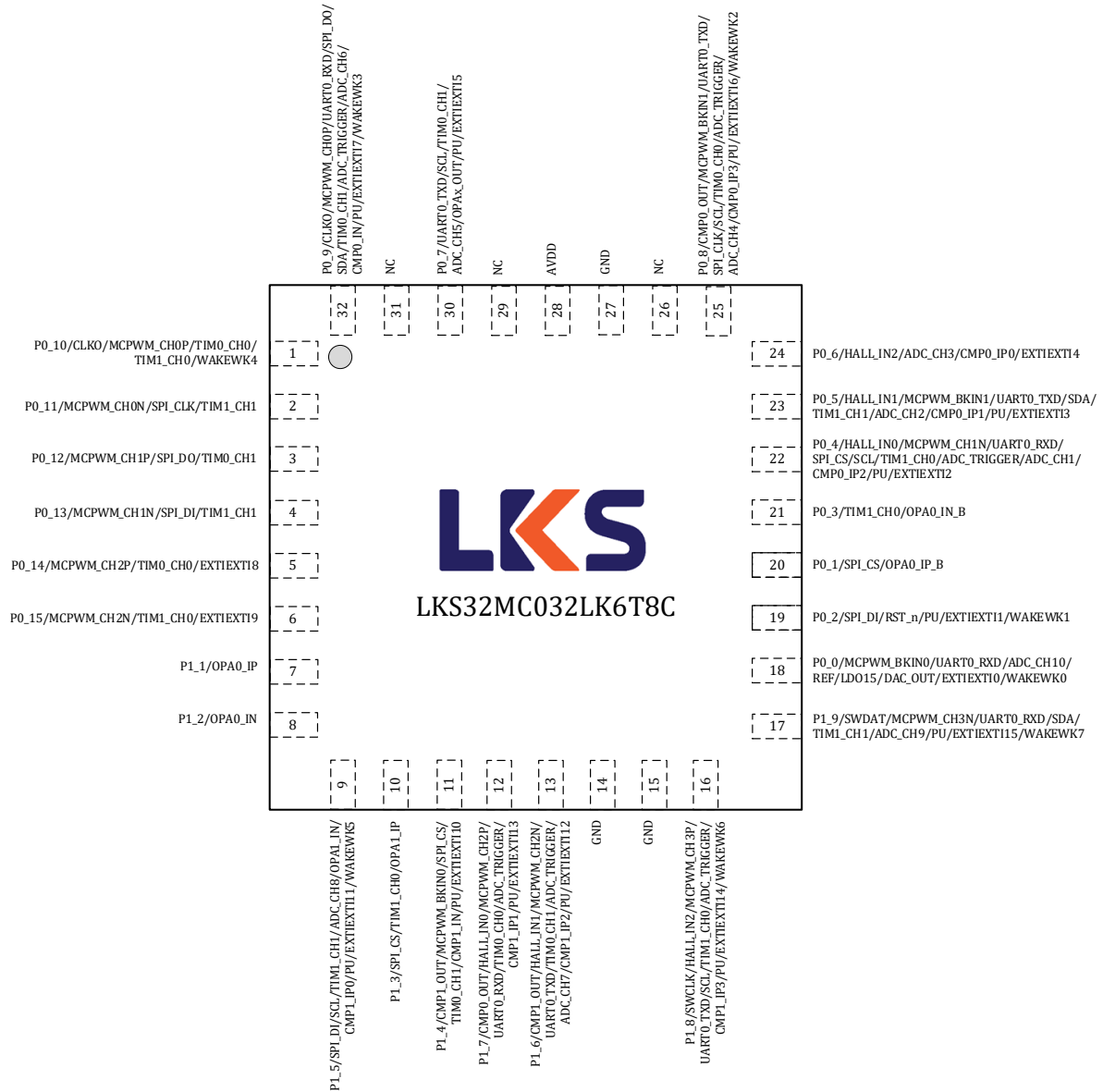


Figure 3-1 LKS32MC032LK6T8C Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-2 LKS32MC032LK6T8C Pin Description

1	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	WAKEWK4	
2	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side



	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
3	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
4	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
5	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTIEXTI8	
6	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	EXTIEXTI9	
7	P1_1	P1.1
	OPA0_IP	OPA0 positive input
8	P1_2	P1.2
	OPA0_IN	OPA0 negative input
9	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH8	ADC channel 8
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI11	
	WAKEWK5	
10	P1_3	P1.3
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA1_IP	OPA1 positive input
11	P1_4	P1.4
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	CMP1_IN	Comparator1 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software

	EXTIEXTI10	
12	P1_7	P1.7
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP1	Comparator1 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI13	
13	P1_6	P1.6
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH7	ADC channel 7
	CMP1_IP2	Comparator1 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI12	
14	GND	Ground
15	GND	Ground
16	P1_8	P1.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI14	
17	WAKEWK6	
	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9

	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI15	
	WAKEWK7	
18	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LDO15	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTIEXTI0	
	WAKEWK0	
19	P0_2	P0.2
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10kΩ pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI1	
	WAKEWK1	
20	P0_1	P0.1
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	OPA0_IP_B	OPA0 positive input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
21	P0_3	P0.3
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA0_IN_B	OPA0 negative input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
22	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI2	
23	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)

	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI3	
24	P0_6	P0.6
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	ADC_CH3	ADC channel 3
	CMP0_IP0	Comparator0 positive input0
	EXTIEXTI4	
25	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI6	
	WAKEWK2	
26	NC	Not connected
27	GND	Ground
28	AVDD	MCU power supply
29	NC	Not connected
30	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPAx_OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI5	
31	NC	Not connected
32	P0_9	P0.9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data

	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTIEXTI7	P0.10
	WAKEWK3	Clock output for debug

3.1.4 LKS32MC033H6P8

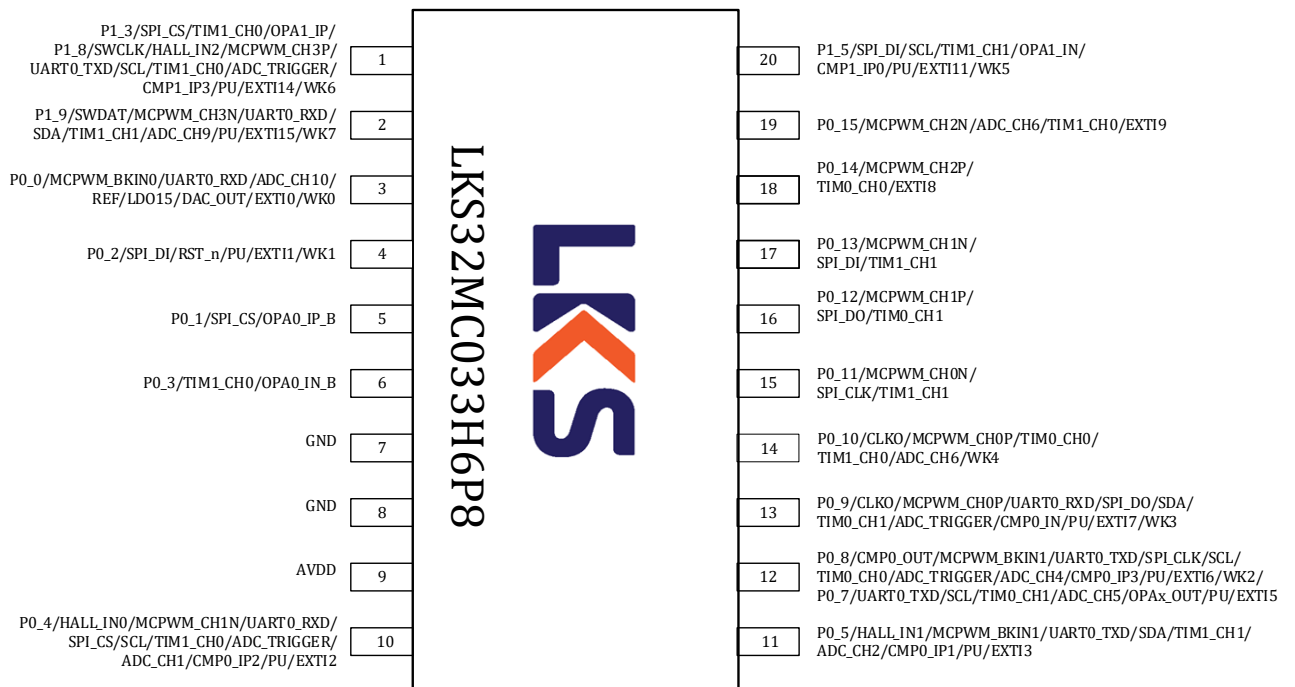


Figure 3-2 LKS32MC033H6P8 Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-3 LKS32MC033H6P8 Pin Description

1	P1_3	P1.3
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA1_IP	OPA1 positive input
	P1_8	P0.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0

	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
2	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
3	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LDO15	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
	WK0	External wake-up signal 0
4	P0_2	P0.2
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10k Ω pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1
	WK1	External wake-up signal 1
5	P0_1	P0.1
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	OPA0_IP_B	OPA0 positive input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
6	P0_3	P0.3
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA0_IN_B	OPA0 negative input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	AVDD	Power supply, 2.5~5.5V
10	P0_4	P0.4

	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2
11	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
12	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6
	WK2	External wake-up signal 2
	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPAx_OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5
13	P0_9	P0.9

	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
14	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
15	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
16	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
17	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
18	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
19	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_CH7	ADC channel 7
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
20	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1

	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11
	WK5	External wake-up signal 5

3.1.5 LKS32MC033H6P8B/ LKS32MC033H6P8C

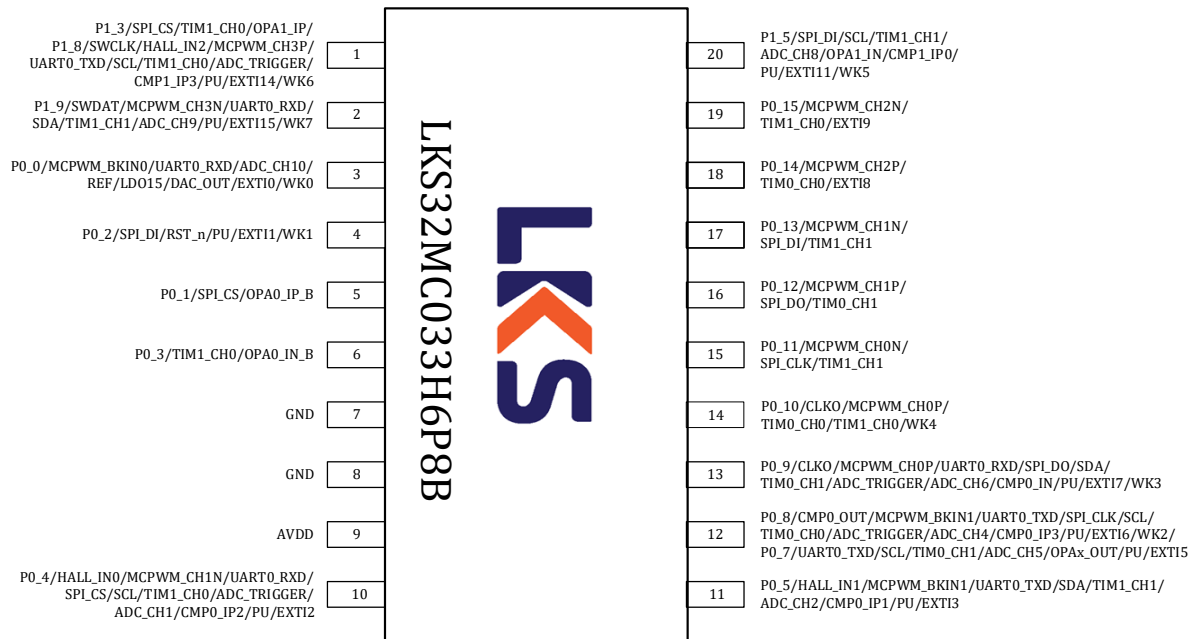


Figure 3-3 LKS32MC033H6P8B(C) Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-4 LKS32MC033H6P8B(C) Pin Description

1	P1_3	P1.3
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA1_IP	OPA1 positive input
	P1_8	P0.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3

	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
2	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
3	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LD015	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
4	WK0	External wake-up signal 0
	P0_2	P0.2
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10k Ω pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1
5	WK1	External wake-up signal 1
	P0_1	P0.1
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
6	OPA0_IP_B	OPA0 positive input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
	P0_3	P0.3
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
7	OPA0_IN_B	OPA0 negative input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
	GND	Ground
	GND	Ground
9	AVDD	Power supply, 2.5~5.5V
10	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side

	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2
11	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
12	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6
	WK2	External wake-up signal 2
	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPAx_OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5
13	P0_9	P0.9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side

	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
14	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
15	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
16	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
17	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
18	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
19	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
20	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH8	ADC channel 8
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0

	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11
	WK5	External wake-up signal 5

3.1.6 LKS32MC033H6Q8

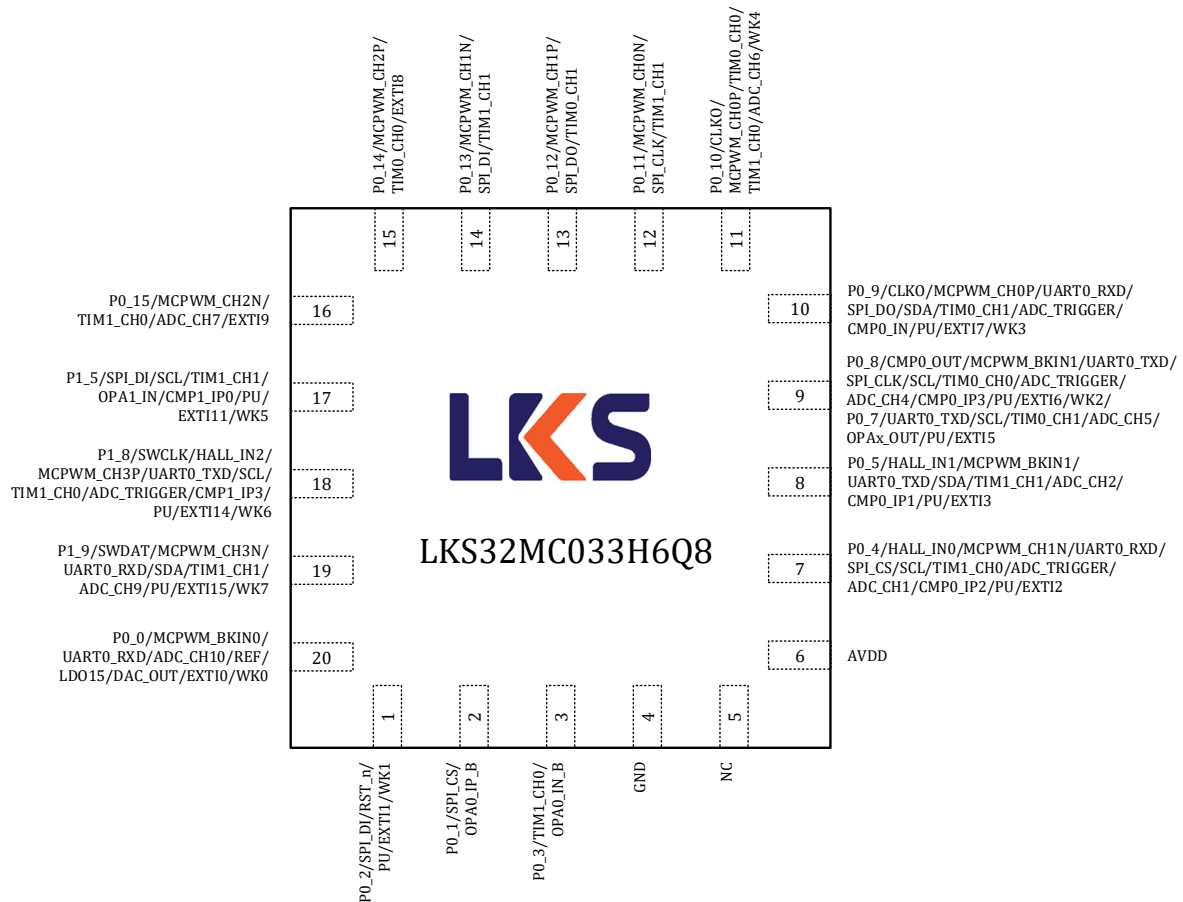


Figure 3-4 LKS32MC033H6Q8 Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-5 LKS32MC033H6Q8 Pin Description

1	P0_2	P0.2
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10kΩ pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1
	WK1	External wake-up signal 1

2	P0_1	P0.1
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	OPA0_IP_B	OPA0 positive input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
3	P0_3	P0.3
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA0_IN_B	OPA0 negative input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
4	GND	Ground
5	NC	
6	AVDD	Power supply, 2.5~5.5V
7	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2
8	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
9	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6

	WK2	External wake-up signal 2
	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPAx_OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5
10	P0_9	P0.9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
11	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
12	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
13	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
14	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
15	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0

	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
16	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_CH7	ADC channel 7
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
17	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11
18	WK5	External wake-up signal 5
	P1_8	P1.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
19	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
20	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LDO15	1.5V LDO output

	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
	WK0	External wake-up signal 0

3.1.7 LKS32MC033H6Q8B/ LKS32MC033H6Q8C

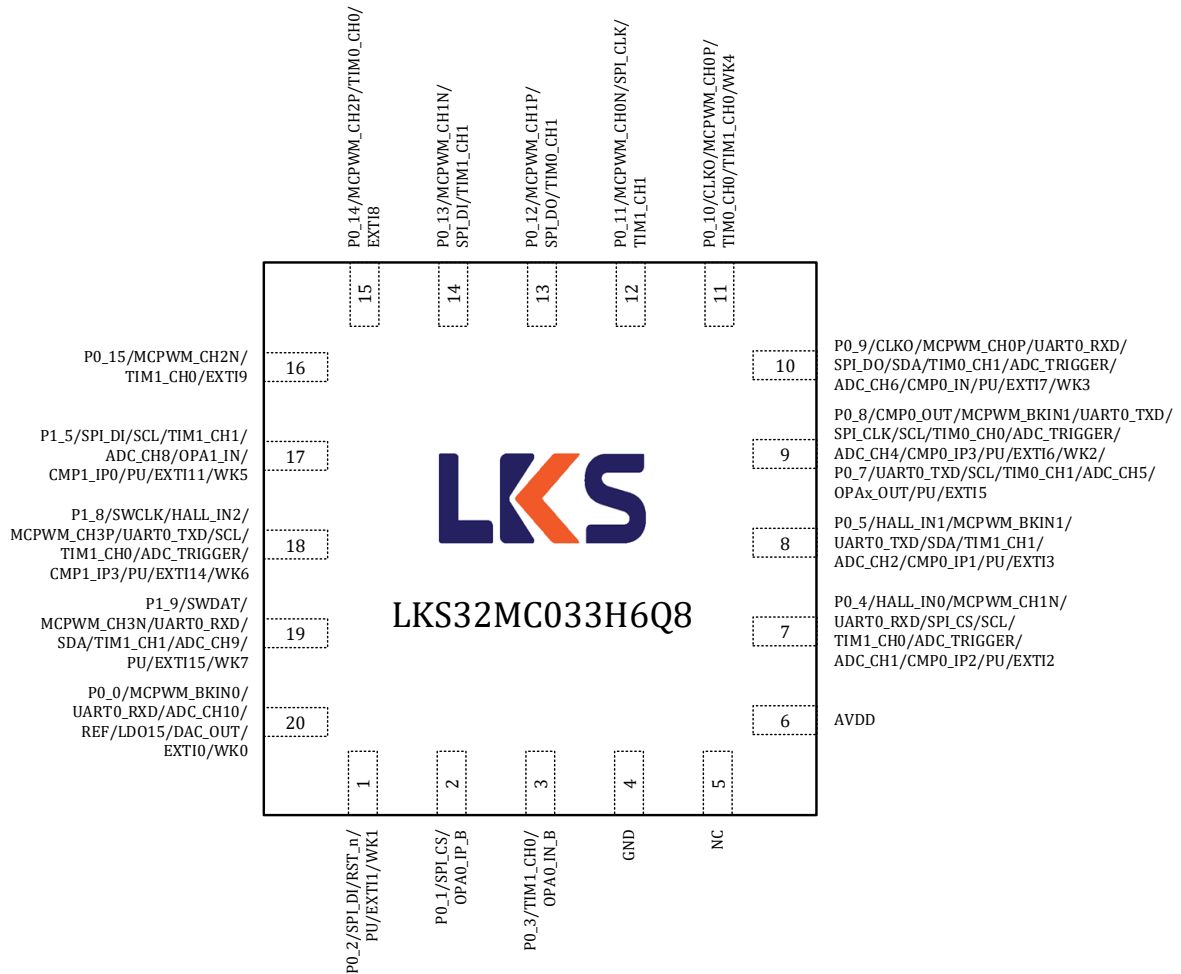


Figure 3-4 LKS32MC033H6Q8B(C) Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-6 LKS32MC033H6Q8B(C) Pin Description

1	P0_2	P0.2
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10kΩ pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1

	WK1	External wake-up signal 1
2	P0_1	P0.1
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	OPA0_IP_B	OPA0 positive input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
3	P0_3	P0.3
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA0_IN_B	OPA0 negative input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
4	GND	Ground
5	NC	
6	AVDD	Power supply, 2.5~5.5V
7	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2
8	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
9	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software

	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6
	WK2	External wake-up signal 2
	P0_7	
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPAx_OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5
10	P0_9	P0.9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
11	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
12	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
13	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
14	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
15	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side

	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
16	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
17	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH8	ADC channel 8
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11
	WK5	External wake-up signal 5
18	P1_8	P1.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
19	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
20	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug

	LD015	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
	WK0	External wake-up signal 0

3.1.8 LKS32MC037M6S8

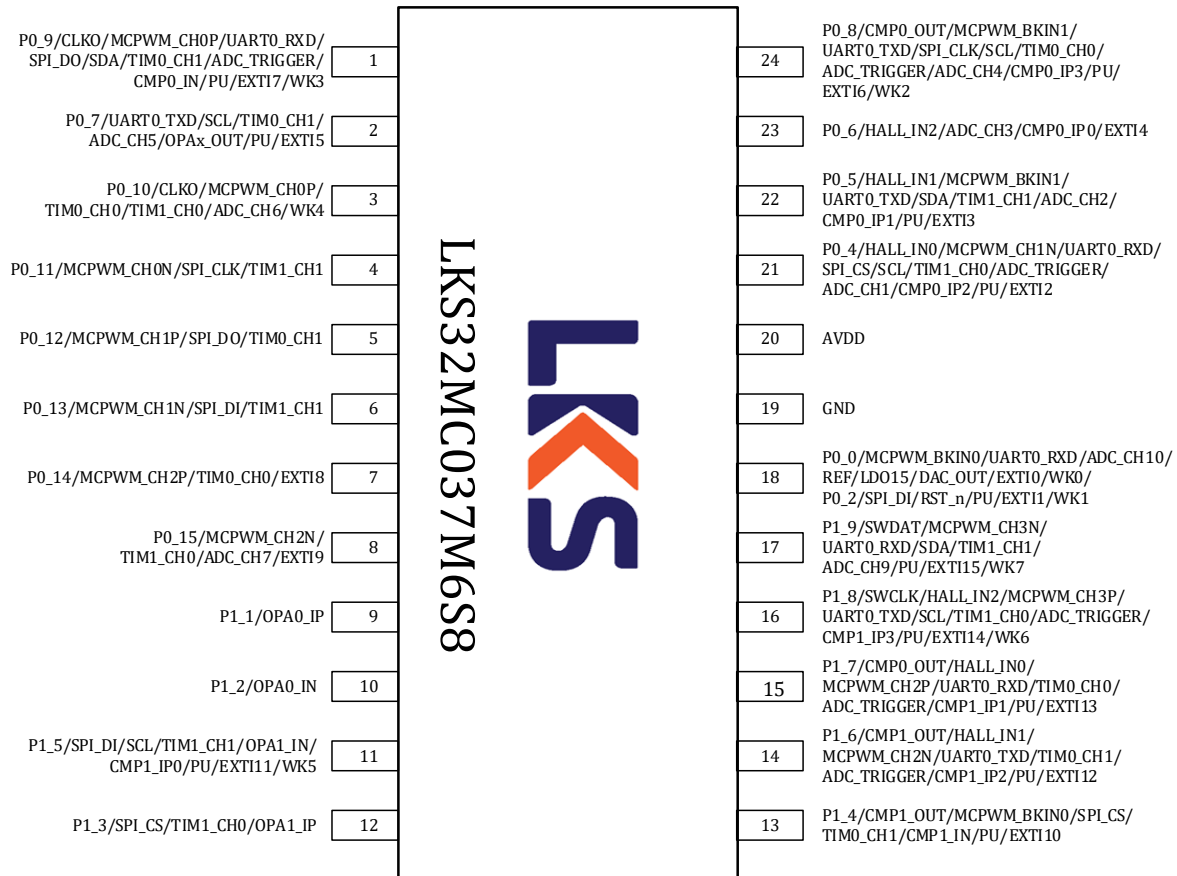


Figure 3-5 LKS32MC037M6S8 Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-7 LKS32MC037M6S8 Pin Description

1	P0_9	P0_9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software

	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
2	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPAx_OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5
3	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
4	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
5	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
6	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
7	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
8	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_CH7	ADC channel 7
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
9	P1_1	P1.1
	OPA0_IP	OPA0 positive input
10	P1_2	P1.2
	OPA0_IN	OPA0 negative input
11	P1_5	P1.5

	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11
	WK5	External wake-up signal 5
12	P1_3	P1.3
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA1_IP	OPA1 positive input
13	P1_4	P1.4
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	CMP1_IN	Comparator1 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI10	External GPIO interrupt input signal 10
14	P1_6	P1.6
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP2	Comparator1 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI12	External GPIO interrupt input signal 12
15	P1_7	P1.7
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP1	Comparator1 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI13	External GPIO interrupt input signal 13
16	P1_8	P1.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2

	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
17	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
18	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LD015	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
	WK0	External wake-up signal 0
	P0_2	
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10k Ω pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
19	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1
	WK1	External wake-up signal 1
20	GND	Ground
21	AVDD	Power supply, 2.5~5.5V
21	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)

	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2
22	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
23	P0_6	P0.6
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	ADC_CH3	ADC channel 3
	CMP0_IP0	Comparator0 positive input0
	EXTI4	External GPIO interrupt input signal 4
24	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6
	WK2	External wake-up signal 2

3.1.9 LKS32MC037M6S8B/ LKS32MC037M6S8C

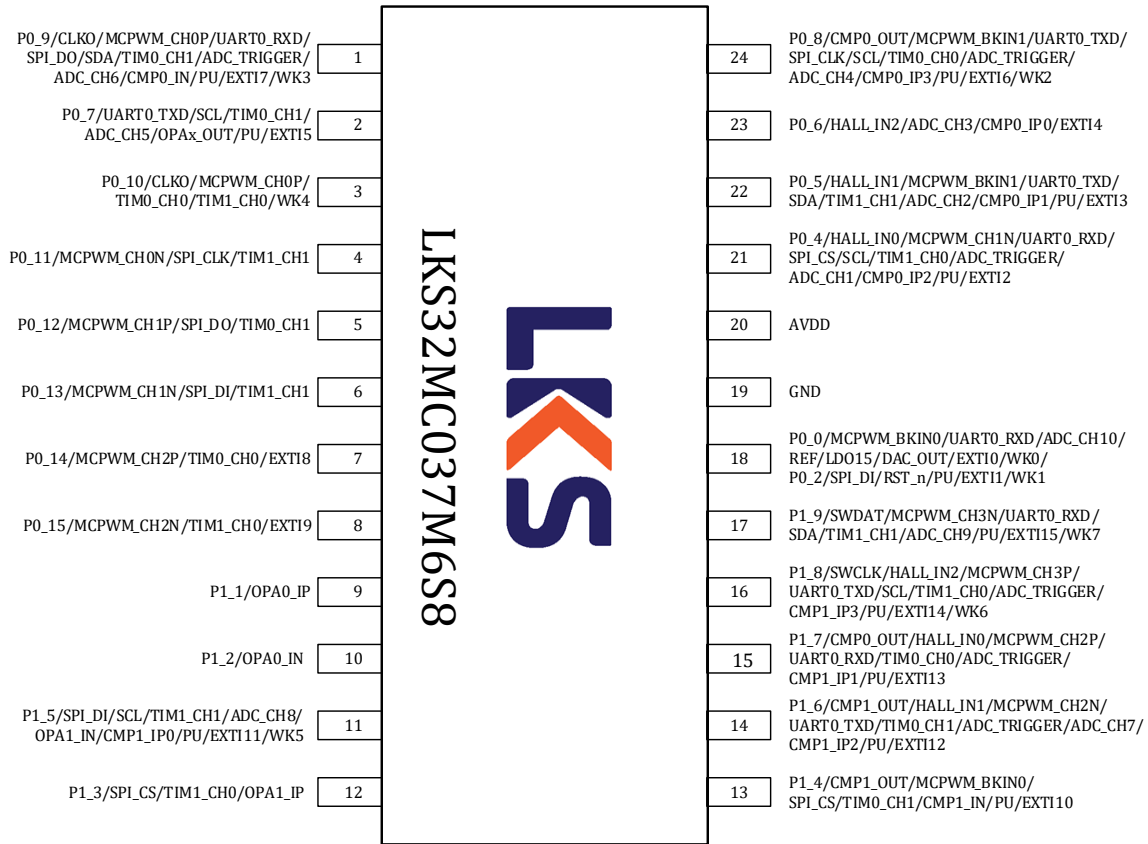


Figure 3-6 LKS32MC037M6S8B(C) Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-8 LKS32MC037M6S8B(C) Pin Description

1	P0_9	P0.9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
2	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1

	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPAx_OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5
3	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
4	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
5	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
6	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
7	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
8	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
9	P1_1	P1.1
	OPA0_IP	OPA0 positive input
10	P1_2	P1.2
	OPA0_IN	OPA0 negative input
11	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH8	ADC channel 8
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11

	WK5	External wake-up signal 5
12	P1_3	P1.3
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA1_IP	OPA1 positive input
13	P1_4	P1.4
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	CMP1_IN	Comparator1 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI10	External GPIO interrupt input signal 10
14	P1_6	P1.6
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH7	ADC channel 7
	CMP1_IP2	Comparator1 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI12	External GPIO interrupt input signal 12
15	P1_7	P1.7
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP1	Comparator1 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI13	External GPIO interrupt input signal 13
16	P1_8	P1.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3

	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
17	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
18	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LD015	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
	WK0	External wake-up signal 0
	P0_2	
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10k Ω pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
19	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1
	WK1	External wake-up signal 1
20	GND	Ground
21	AVDD	Power supply, 2.5~5.5V
21	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2

	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2
22	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
23	P0_6	P0.6
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	ADC_CH3	ADC channel 3
	CMP0_IP0	Comparator0 positive input0
	EXTI4	External GPIO interrupt input signal 4
24	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6
	WK2	External wake-up signal 2

3.1.10 LKS32MC037LM6S8B/ LKS32MC037LM6S8C

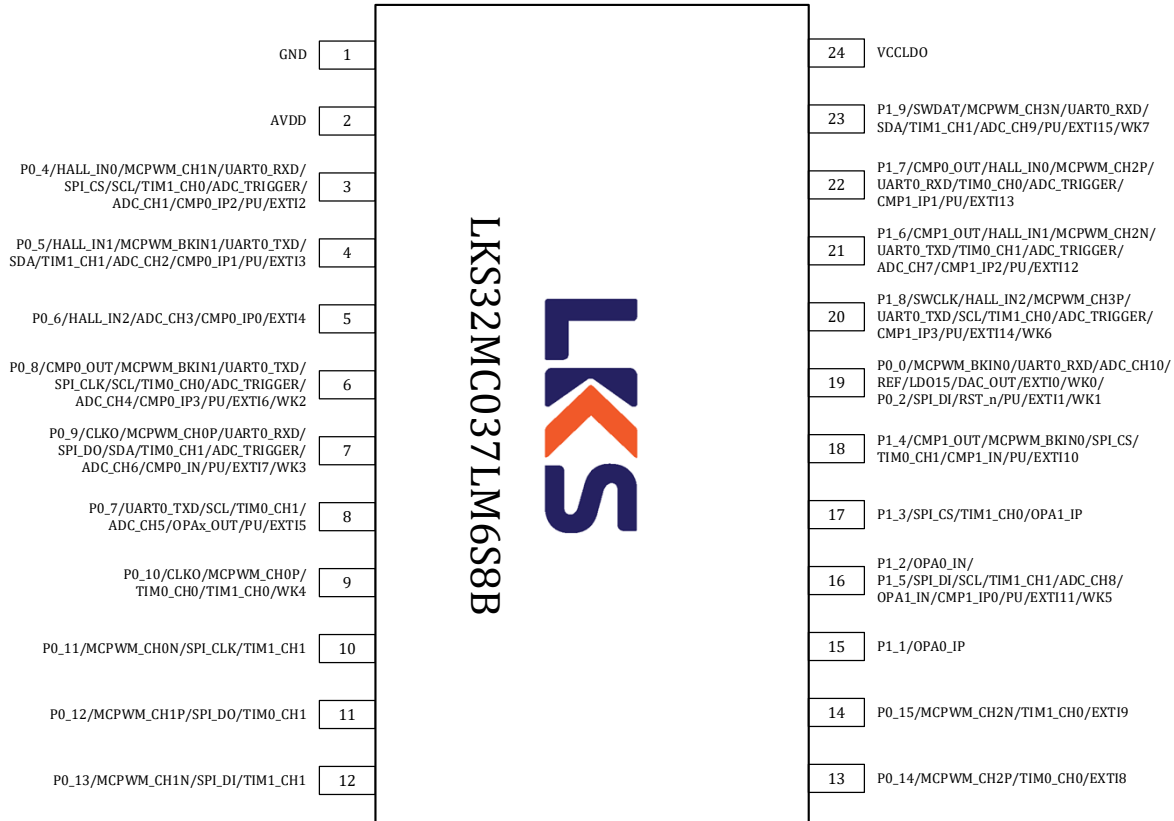


Figure 3-7 LKS32MC037LM6S8B(C) Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-8 LKS32MC037LM6S8B(C) Pin Description

1	GND	Ground
2	AVDD	Power supply, 2.2~5.5V
3	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2
4	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)

	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
5	P0_6	P0.6
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	ADC_CH3	ADC channel 3
	CMP0_IP0	Comparator0 positive input0
	EXTI4	External GPIO interrupt input signal 4
6	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6
	WK2	External wake-up signal 2
7	P0_9	P0.9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
8	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPAx_OUT	OPA output

	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5
9	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
10	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
11	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
12	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
13	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
14	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
15	P1_1	P1.1
	OPA0_IP	OPA0 positive input
16	P1_2	P1.2
	OPA0_IN	OPA0 negative input
	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH8	ADC channel 8
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11
	WK5	External wake-up signal 5
17	P1_3	P1.3

	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA1_IP	OPA1 positive input
18	P1_4	P1.4
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	CMP1_IN	Comparator1 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI10	External GPIO interrupt input signal 10
19	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LDO15	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
	WK0	External wake-up signal 0
	P0_2	P0.2
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10kΩ pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
20	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1
	WK1	External wake-up signal 1
	P1_8	P1.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
21	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
	P1_6	P1.6
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output

	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH7	ADC channel 7
	CMP1_IP2	Comparator1 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI12	External GPIO interrupt input signal 12
22	P1_7	P1.7
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP1	Comparator1 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
23	EXTI13	External GPIO interrupt input signal 13
	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
24	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
24	VCCLDO	5V LDO power supply, 7-20 V, with an output current limit of < 80mA. Decoupling capacitors should be > 0.33uF and placed as close as possible to this pin.

3.1.11 LKS32MC038Y6P8

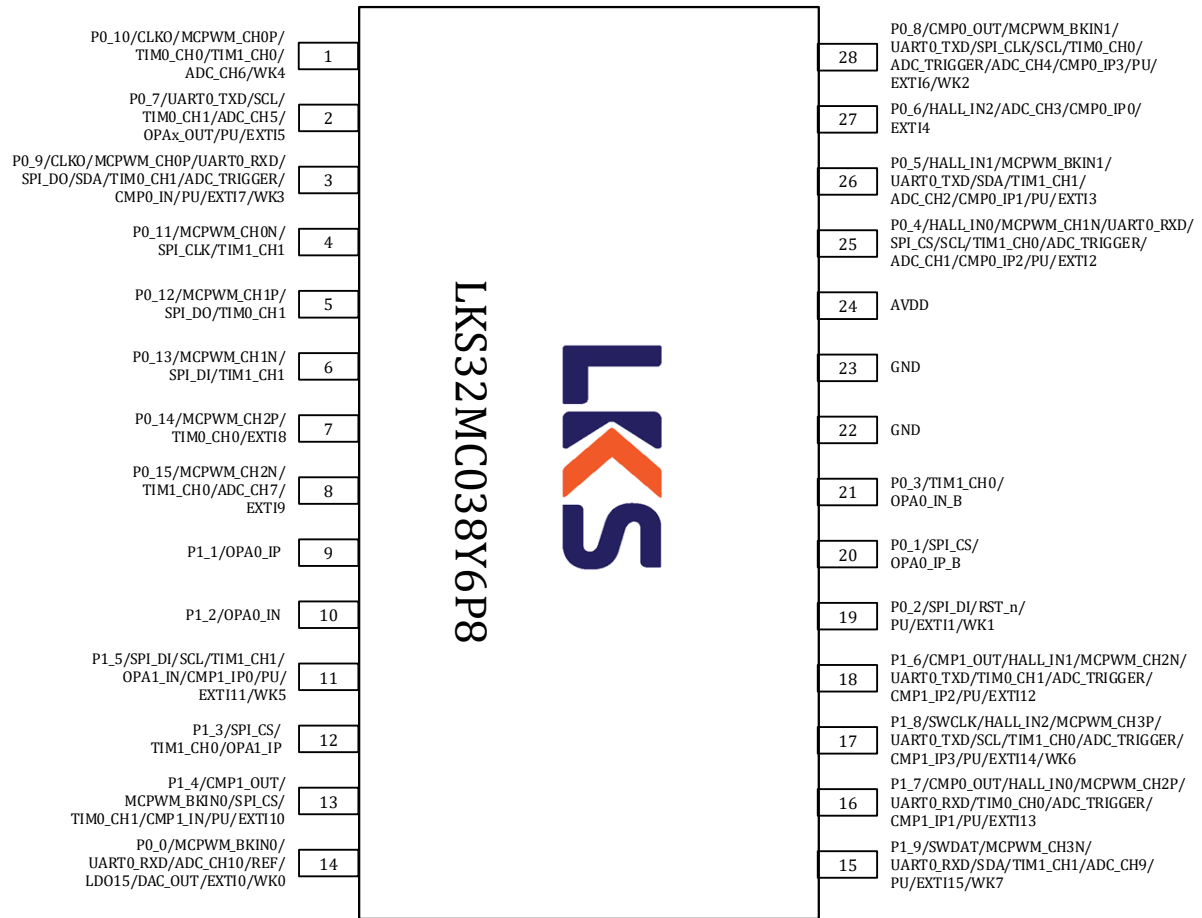


Figure 3-8 LKS32MC038Y6P8 Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-9 LKS32MC038Y6P8 Pin Description

1	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
2	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPA _x _OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5

3	P0_9	P0.9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
4	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
5	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
6	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
7	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
8	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_CH7	ADC channel 7
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
9	P1_1	P1.1
	OPA0_IP	OPA0 positive input
10	P1_2	P1.2
	OPA0_IN	OPA0 negative input
11	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0

	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11
	WK5	External wake-up signal 5
12	P1_3	P1.3
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA1_IP	OPA1 positive input
13	P1_4	P1.4
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	CMP1_IN	Comparator1 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI10	External GPIO interrupt input signal 10
14	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LDO15	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
	WK0	External wake-up signal 0
15	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
16	P1_7	P1.7
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP1	Comparator1 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software

	EXTI13	External GPIO interrupt input signal 13
17	P1_8	P1.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
18	P1_6	P1.6
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP2	Comparator1 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI12	External GPIO interrupt input signal 12
19	P0_2	P0.2
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10k Ω pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1
	WK1	External wake-up signal 1
20	P0_1	P0.1
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	OPA0_IP_B	OPA0 positive input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
21	P0_3	P0.3
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA0_IN_B	OPA0 negative input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
22	GND	Ground
23	GND	Ground
24	AVDD	Power supply, 2.5~5.5V
25	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0

	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2
26	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
27	P0_6	P0.6
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	ADC_CH3	ADC channel 3
	CMP0_IP0	Comparator0 positive input0
	EXTI4	External GPIO interrupt input signal 4
28	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6
	WK2	External wake-up signal 2

3.1.12 LKS32MC038Y6P8B/ LKS32MC038Y6P8C

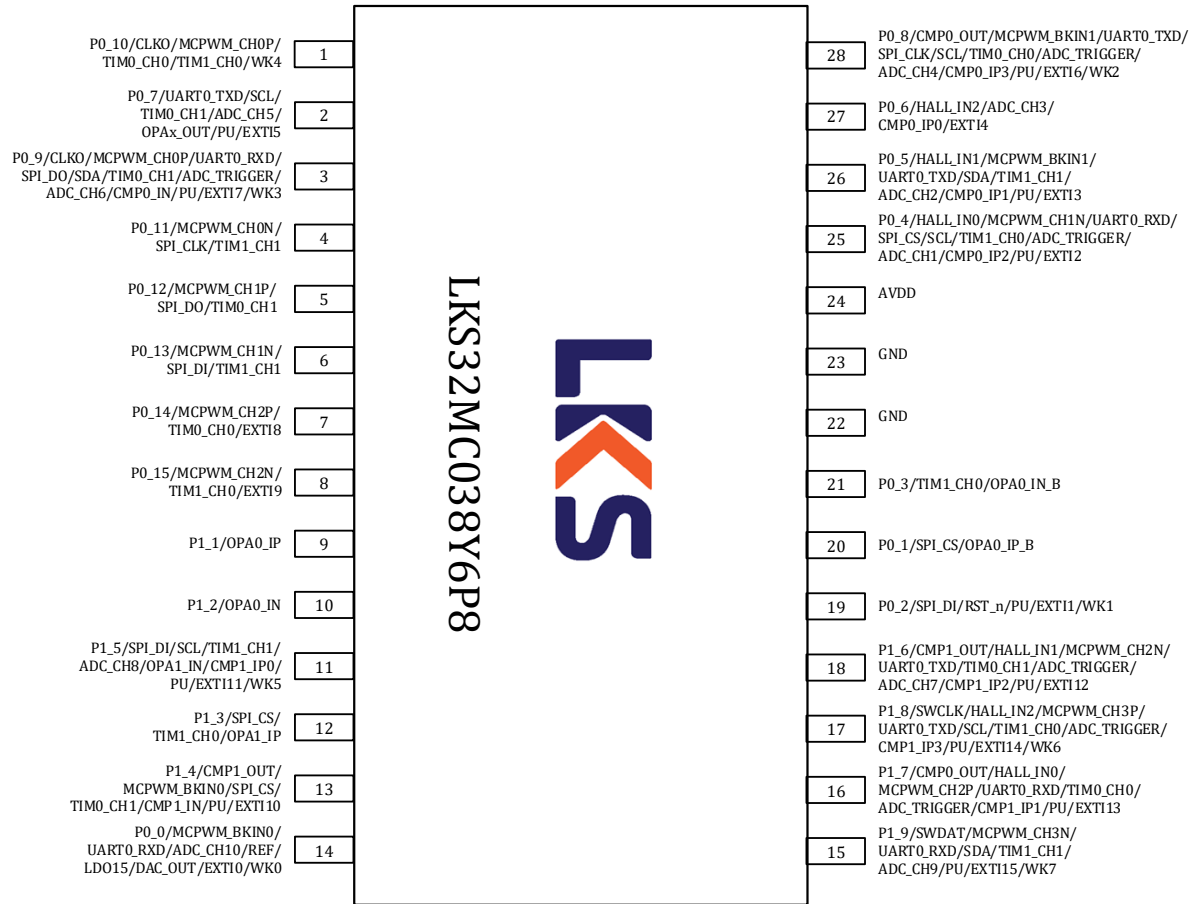


Figure 3-9 LKS32MC038Y6P8B(C) Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-10 LKS32MC038Y6P8B(C) Pin Description

1	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
2	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPA _x _OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
3	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5
	P0_9	P0.9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug

	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
4	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
5	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
6	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
7	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
8	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
9	P1_1	P1.1
	OPA0_IP	OPA0 positive input
10	P1_2	P1.2
	OPA0_IN	OPA0 negative input
11	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH8	ADC channel 8
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software

	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11
	WK5	External wake-up signal 5
12	P1_3	P1.3
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA1_IP	OPA1 positive input
13	P1_4	P1.4
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	CMP1_IN	Comparator1 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI10	External GPIO interrupt input signal 10
14	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LDO15	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
	WK0	External wake-up signal 0
15	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
16	P1_7	P1.7
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP1	Comparator1 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI13	External GPIO interrupt input signal 13

17	P1_8	P1.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
18	P1_6	P1.6
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH7	ADC channel 7
	CMP1_IP2	Comparator1 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI12	External GPIO interrupt input signal 12
19	P0_2	P0.2
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10k Ω pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10k Ω Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1
	WK1	External wake-up signal 1
20	P0_1	P0.1
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	OPA0_IP_B	OPA0 positive input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
21	P0_3	P0.3
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA0_IN_B	OPA0 negative input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
22	GND	Ground
23	GND	Ground
24	AVDD	Power supply, 2.5~5.5V
25	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0

	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2
26	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
27	P0_6	P0.6
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	ADC_CH3	ADC channel 3
	CMP0_IP0	Comparator0 positive input0
	EXTI4	External GPIO interrupt input signal 4
28	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6
	WK2	External wake-up signal 2

3.1.13 LKS32MC038LY6P8B/ LKS32MC038LY6P8C

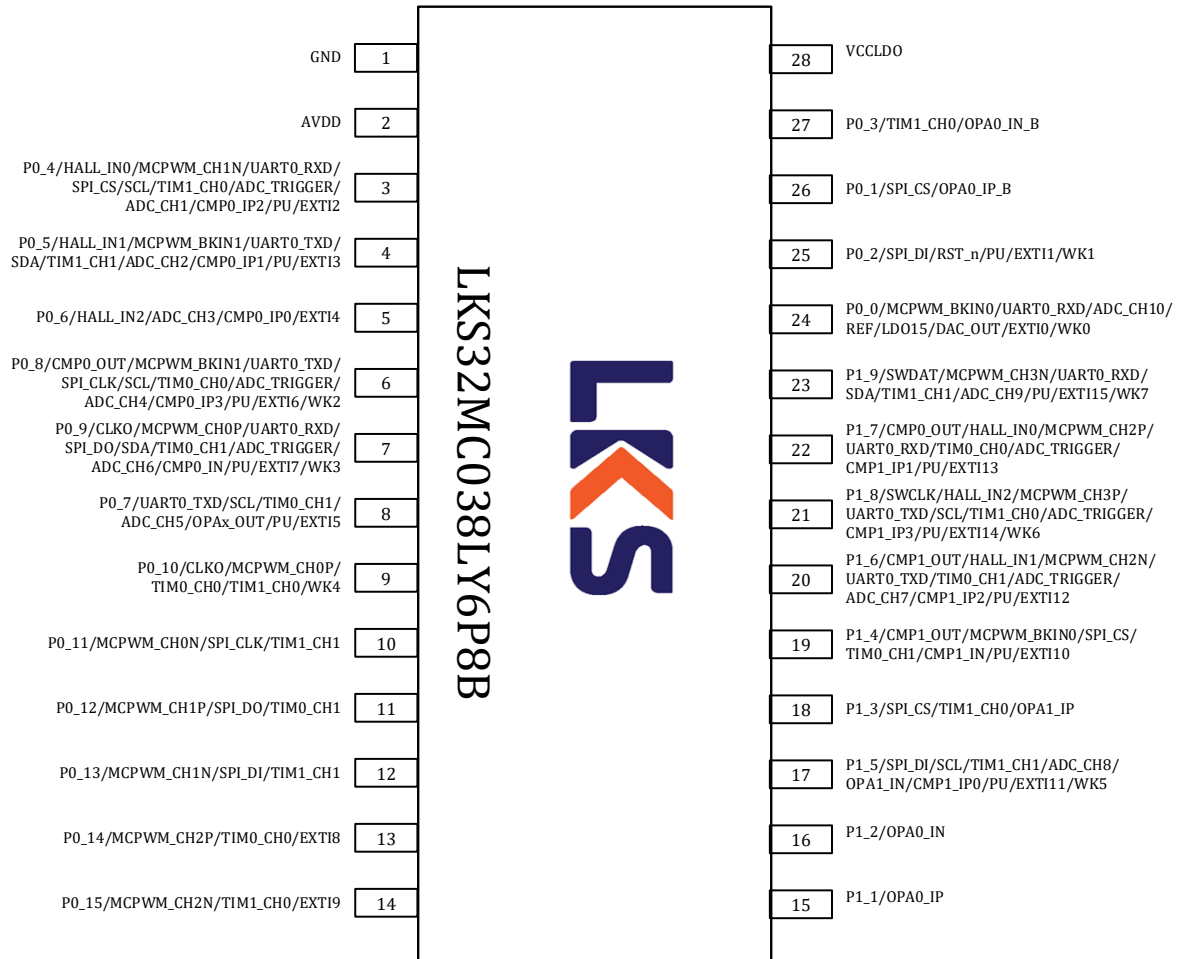


Figure 3-10 LKS32MC038LY6P8B(C) Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-11 LKS32MC038LY6P8B(C) Pin Description

1	GND	Ground
2	AVDD	Power supply, 2.2~5.5V
3	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2

4	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
5	P0_6	P0.6
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	ADC_CH3	ADC channel 3
	CMP0_IP0	Comparator0 positive input0
	EXTI4	External GPIO interrupt input signal 4
6	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6
	WK2	External wake-up signal 2
7	P0_9	P0.9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
8	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)

	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPAx_OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5
9	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
10	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
11	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
12	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
13	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
14	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
15	P1_1	P1.1
	OPA0_IP	OPA0 positive input
16	P1_2	P1.2
	OPA0_IN	OPA0 negative input
17	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH8	ADC channel 8
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0

	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11
	WK5	External wake-up signal 5
18	P1_3	P1.3
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA1_IP	OPA1 positive input
19	P1_4	P1.4
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	CMP1_IN	Comparator1 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
20	EXTI10	External GPIO interrupt input signal 10
	P1_6	P1.6
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH7	ADC channel 7
	CMP1_IP2	Comparator1 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
21	EXTI12	External GPIO interrupt input signal 12
	P1_8	P1.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
22	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
	P1_7	P1.7
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)

	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP1	Comparator1 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI13	External GPIO interrupt input signal 13
23	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
24	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LDO15	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
	WK0	External wake-up signal 0
25	P0_2	P0.2
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10kΩ pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1
	WK1	External wake-up signal 1
26	P0_1	P0.1
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	OPA0_IP_B	OPA0 positive input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
27	P0_3	P0.3
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA0_IN_B	OPA0 negative input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
28	VCCLDO	5V LDO power supply, 7-20 V, with an output current limit of < 80mA. Decoupling capacitors should be > 0.33uF and placed as close as possible to this pin.

3.1.14 LKS32MC038LY6Q8B/ LKS32MC038LY6Q8C

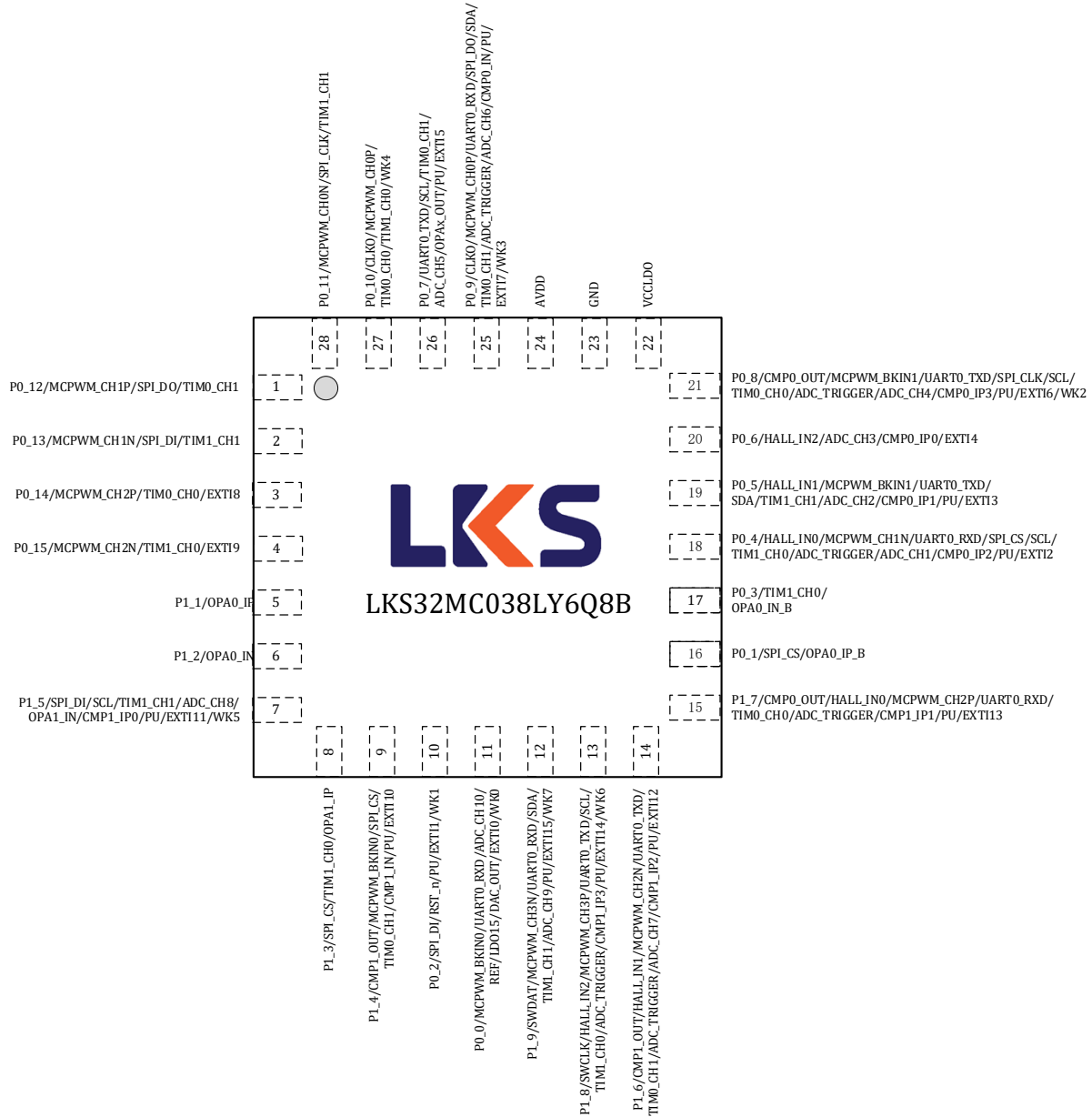


Figure 3-10 LKS32MC038LY6Q8B(C) Pin Assignment Diagram

Table 3-11 LKS32MC038LY6Q8B (C) Pin Description

1	P0_12	P0.12
	MCPWM_CH1P	PWM channel 1 high-side
	SPI_DO	SPI data output(input)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
2	P0_13	P0.13
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)

	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
3	P0_14	P0.14
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	EXTI8	External GPIO interrupt input signal 8
4	P0_15	P0.15
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	EXTI9	External GPIO interrupt input signal 9
5	P1_1	P1.1
	OPA0_IP	OPA0 positive input
6	P1_2	P1.2
	OPA0_IN	OPA0 negative input
7	P1_5	P1.5
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH8	ADC channel 8
	OPA1_IN	OPA1 negative input
	CMP1_IP0	Comparator1 positive input0
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI11	External GPIO interrupt input signal 11
	WK5	External wake-up signal 5
8	P1_3	P1.3
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA1_IP	OPA1 positive input
9	P1_4	P1.4
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	CMP1_IN	Comparator1 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI10	External GPIO interrupt input signal 10
10	P0_2	P0.2
	SPI_DI	SPI data input(output)
	RST_n	P0.2 is used as RSTN by default. A 10nF-100nF capacitor should be connected to the ground. It is recommended a 10k-20k pull-up resistor is placed between RSTN and AVDD on PCB. If there is an external pull-up resistor, the capacitance of RSTN should be 100nF. The built-in 10kΩ pull-up resistor could be turned-off by software.
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI1	External GPIO interrupt input signal 1

	WK1	External wake-up signal 1
11	P0_0	P0.0
	MCPWM_BKIN0	PWM break signal 0
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	ADC_CH10	ADC channel 10
	REF	Reference voltage output for debug
	LD015	1.5V LDO output
	DAC_OUT	DAC output
	EXTI0	External GPIO interrupt input signal 0
	WK0	External wake-up signal 0
12	P1_9	P1.9
	SWDAT	SWD Data
	MCPWM_CH3N	PWM channel 3 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH9	ADC channel 9
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI15	External GPIO interrupt input signal 15
	WK7	External wake-up signal 7
13	P1_8	P1.8
	SWCLK	SWD Clock
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	MCPWM_CH3P	PWM channel 3 high-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP3	Comparator1 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI14	External GPIO interrupt input signal 14
	WK6	External wake-up signal 6
14	P1_6	P1.6
	CMP1_OUT	Comparator 1 output
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_CH2N	PWM channel 2 low-side
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH7	ADC channel 7
	CMP1_IP2	Comparator1 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI12	External GPIO interrupt input signal 12

15	P1_7	P1.7
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH2P	PWM channel 2 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	CMP1_IP1	Comparator1 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI13	External GPIO interrupt input signal 13
16	P0_1	P0.1
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	OPA0_IP_B	OPA0 positive input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
17	P0_3	P0.3
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	OPA0_IN_B	OPA0 negative input B, if input B is used, you should set SYS_AFE_REG0[5] = 1
18	P0_4	P0.4
	HALL_IN0	Hall interface input 0
	MCPWM_CH1N	PWM channel 1 low-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_CS	SPI chip select
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH1	ADC channel 1
	CMP0_IP2	Comparator0 positive input2
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI2	External GPIO interrupt input signal 2
19	P0_5	P0.5
	HALL_IN1	Hall interface input 1
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1
	ADC_CH2	ADC channel 2
	CMP0_IP1	Comparator0 positive input1
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI3	External GPIO interrupt input signal 3
20	P0_6	P0.6
	HALL_IN2	Hall interface input 2
	ADC_CH3	ADC channel 3
	CMP0_IP0	Comparator0 positive input0
	EXTI4	External GPIO interrupt input signal 4

21	P0_8	P0.8
	CMP0_OUT	Comparator 0 output
	MCPWM_BKIN1	PWM break signal 1
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH4	ADC channel 4
	CMP0_IP3	Comparator0 positive input3
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI6	External GPIO interrupt input signal 6
	WK2	External wake-up signal 2
22	VCCLDO	5V LDO power supply, 7-20 V, with an output current limit of < 80mA. Decoupling capacitors should be > 0.33uF and placed as close as possible to this pin.
23	GND	Ground
24	AVDD	Power supply, 2.2~5.5V
25	P0_9	P0.9
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	UART0_RXD	UART0 receive(transmit)
	SPI_D0	SPI data output(input)
	SDA	I2C data
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC trigger for debug
	ADC_CH6	ADC channel 6
	CMP0_IN	Comparator0 negative input
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI7	External GPIO interrupt input signal 7
	WK3	External wake-up signal 3
26	P0_7	P0.7
	UART0_TXD	UART0 transmit(receive)
	SCL	I2C clock
	TIM0_CH1	Timer0 channel1
	ADC_CH5	ADC channel 5
	OPAx_OUT	OPA output
	PU	Built-in 10kΩ Pull-up resistor which could be turn-off by software
	EXTI5	External GPIO interrupt input signal 5
27	P0_10	P0.10
	CLKO	Clock output for debug
	MCPWM_CH0P	PWM channel 0 high-side
	TIM0_CH0	Timer0 channel0
	TIM1_CH0	Timer1 channel0

	WK4	External wake-up signal 4
28	P0_11	P0.11
	MCPWM_CH0N	PWM channel 0 low-side
	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
	TIM1_CH1	Timer1 channel1

3.2 Pin Multiplexing

Table 3-9 LKS32MC03x Pin Function Selection

Port	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF0
P0.0			MCPWM_BKIN0	UART0_R(T)XD						ADC_CH10/REF/LDO15/DAC_OUT
P0.1					SPI_CS					OPA0_IP_B
P0.2					SPI_DI(O)					RST_n
P0.3								TIM1_CH0		OPA0_IN_B
P0.4		HALL_IN0	MCPWM_CH1N	UART0_R(T)XD	SPI_CS	SCL		TIM1_CH0	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC_CH1/CMP0_IP2
P0.5		HALL_IN1	MCPWM_BKIN1	UART0_T(R)XD		SDA		TIM1_CH1		ADC_CH2/CMP0_IP1
P0.6		HALL_IN2								ADC_CH3/CMP0_IP0
P0.7				UART0_T(R)XD		SCL	TIM0_CH1			ADC_CH5/OPAx_OUT
P0.8	CMP0_OUT		MCPWM_BKIN1	UART0_T(R)XD	SPI_CLK	SCL	TIM0_CH0		ADC_TRIGGER	ADC_CH4/CMP0_IP3
P0.9	CLKO		MCPWM_CH0P	UART0_R(T)XD	SPI_DO(I)	SDA	TIM0_CH1		ADC_TRIGGER	CMP0_IN
P0.10	CLKO		MCPWM_CH0P				TIM0_CH0	TIM1_CH0		ADC_CH6
P0.11			MCPWM_CH0N		SPI_CLK			TIM1_CH1		
P0.12			MCPWM_CH1P		SPI_DO(I)		TIM0_CH1			
P0.13			MCPWM_CH1N		SPI_DI(O)			TIM1_CH1		
P0.14			MCPWM_CH2P				TIM0_CH0			
P0.15			MCPWM_CH2N					TIM1_CH0		ADC_CH7

Port	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF0
P1.1										OPA0_IP
P1.2										OPA0_IN
P1.3					SPI_CS			TIM1_CH0		OPA1_IP
P1.4	CMP1_OUT		MCPWM_BKIN0		SPI_CS		TIM0_CH1			CMP1_IN
P1.5					SPI_DI(O)	SCL		TIM1_CH1		OPA1_IN/CMP1_IP0
P1.6	CMP1_OUT	HALL_IN1	MCPWM_CH2N	UART0_T(R)XD			TIM0_CH1		ADC_TRIGGER	CMP1_IP2
P1.7	CMP0_OUT	HALL_IN0	MCPWM_CH2P	UART0_R(T)XD			TIM0_CH0		ADC_TRIGGER	CMP1_IP1
P1.8	SWCLK	HALL_IN2	MCPWM_CH3P	UART0_T(R)XD		SCL		TIM1_CH0	ADC_TRIGGER	CMP1_IP3
P1.9	SWDAT		MCPWM_CH3N	UART0_R(T)XD		SDA		TIM1_CH1		ADC_CH9

Table 3-10 LKS32MC03xB Pin Function Selection

Port	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF0
P0.0			MCPWM_BKIN0	UART0_R(T)XD						ADC_CH10/REF/LDO15/DAC_OUT
P0.1					SPI_CS					OPA0_IP_B
P0.2					SPI_DI(O)					RST_n
P0.3								TIM1_CH0		OPA0_IN_B
P0.4		HALL_IN0	MCPWM_CH1N	UART0_R(T)XD	SPI_CS	SCL		TIM1_CH0	ADC_TRIGGER	ADC_CH1/CMP0_IP2
P0.5		HALL_IN1	MCPWM_BKIN1	UART0_T(R)XD				TIM1_CH1		ADC_CH2/CMP0_IP1
P0.6		HALL_IN2								ADC_CH3/CMP0_IP0
P0.7				UART0_T(R)XD		SCL	TIM0_CH1			ADC_CH5/OPAx_OUT
P0.8	CMP0_OUT		MCPWM_BKIN1	UART0_T(R)XD	SPI_CLK	SCL	TIM0_CH0		ADC_TRIGGER	ADC_CH4/CMP0_IP3
P0.9	CLKO		MCPWM_CH0P	UART0_R(T)XD	SPI_DO(I)	SDA	TIM0_CH1		ADC_TRIGGER	ADC_CH6/CMP0_IN
P0.10	CLKO		MCPWM_CH0P				TIM0_CH0	TIM1_CH0		
P0.11			MCPWM_CH0N		SPI_CLK			TIM1_CH1		
P0.12			MCPWM_CH1P		SPI_DO(I)		TIM0_CH1			
P0.13			MCPWM_CH1N		SPI_DI(O)			TIM1_CH1		
P0.14			MCPWM_CH2P				TIM0_CH0			
P0.15			MCPWM_CH2N					TIM1_CH0		

Port	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF0
P1.1										OPA0_IP
P1.2										OPA0_IN
P1.3					SPI_CS			TIM1_CH0		OPA1_IP
P1.4	CMP1_OUT		MCPWM_BKIN0		SPI_CS		TIM0_CH1			CMP1_IN
P1.5					SPI_DI(O)	SCL		TIM1_CH1		ADC_CH8/OPA1_IN/CMP1_IP0
P1.6	CMP1_OUT	HALL_IN1	MCPWM_CH2N	UART0_T(R)XD			TIM0_CH1		ADC_TRIGGER	ADC_CH7/CMP1_IP2
P1.7	CMP0_OUT	HALL_IN0	MCPWM_CH2P	UART0_R(T)XD			TIM0_CH0		ADC_TRIGGER	CMP1_IP1
P1.8	SWCLK	HALL_IN2	MCPWM_CH3P	UART0_T(R)XD		SCL		TIM1_CH0	ADC_TRIGGER	CMP1_IP3
P1.9	SWDAT		MCPWM_CH3N	UART0_R(T)XD		SDA		TIM1_CH1		ADC_CH9

4 Package Dimensions

4.1 LKS32MC033H6P8(B/C)

TSSOP20L:

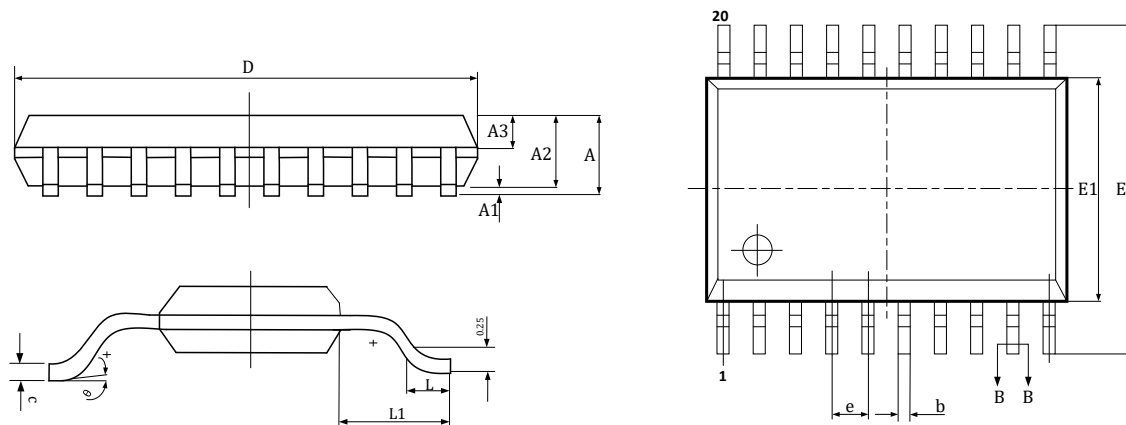


Figure 4-1 LKS32MC033H6P8(B/C) Packaging

Table 4-1 LKS32MC033H6P8(B/C) Package Dimensions

Symbol	TSSOP20		
	Min	Nom	Max
A	--	--	1.20
A1	0.05	--	0.15
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
A3	0.39	0.44	0.49
b	0.20	--	0.25
b1	0.19	0.22	0.25
c	0.13	--	0.18
c1	0.12	0.13	0.14
D	6.40	6.50	6.50
E	6.20	6.40	6.60
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
e	0.65BSC		
L	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	1.00BSC		
θ	0	--	8°

4.2 LKS32MC033H6Q8(B/C)

QFN3*3 20L-0.75 Profile Quad Flat Package:

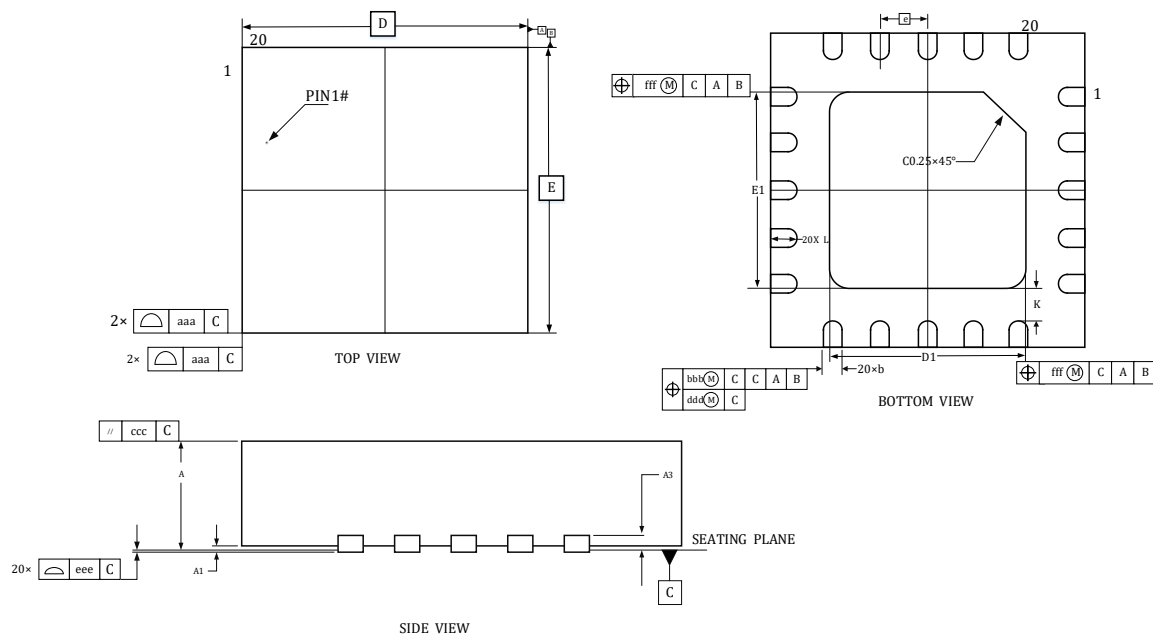


Figure 4-2 LKS32MC033H6Q8(B/C) Packaging

Table 4-2 LKS32MC033H6Q8(B/C) Package Dimensions

SYMBOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.50	0.55	0.60
A1	0	0.02	0.05
A3	-	0.152 REF	-
b	0.15	0.20	0.25
D	3.00BSC		
E	3.00BSC		
D1	1.60	1.70	1.80
E1	1.60	1.70	1.80
e	0.40BSC		
L	0.25	0.30	0.35
K	0.20	-	-
aaa	0.10		
bbb	0.07		
ccc	0.10		
ddd	0.05		
eee	0.08		
fff	0.10		

4.3 LKS32MC037M6S8(B/C)/ LKS32MC037LM6S8B(C)

SSOP24L:

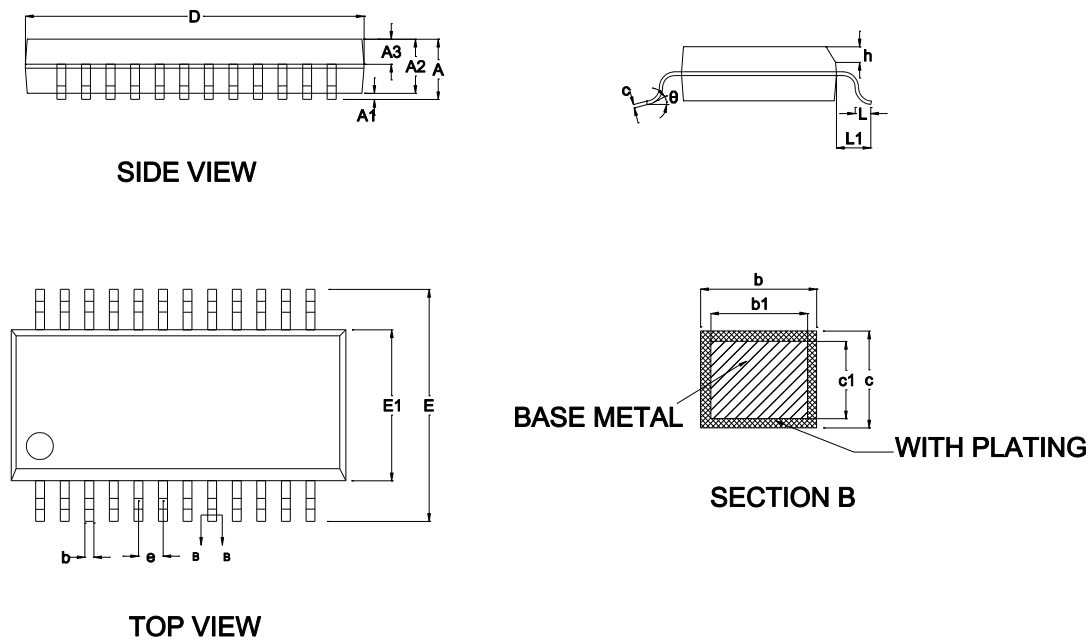


Figure 4-3 LKS32MC037(E/F)M6S8(B/C) Packaging

Table 4-3 LKS32MC037(E/F)M6S8(B/C) Package Dimensions

SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	-	-	1.75
A1	0.10	0.15	0.25
A2	1.30	1.40	1.50
A3	0.60	0.65	0.70
b	0.23	-	0.31
b1	0.22	0.25	0.28
c	0.20	-	0.24
c1	0.19	0.20	0.21
D	8.55	8.65	8.75
E	5.80	6.00	6.20
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00
e	0.635BSC		
h	0.30	-	0.50
L	0.50	-	0.80
L1	1.05REF		
θ	0	-	8°

4.4 LKS32MC038Y6P8(B/C)/ LKS32MC038LY6P8B(C)

TSSOP28L:

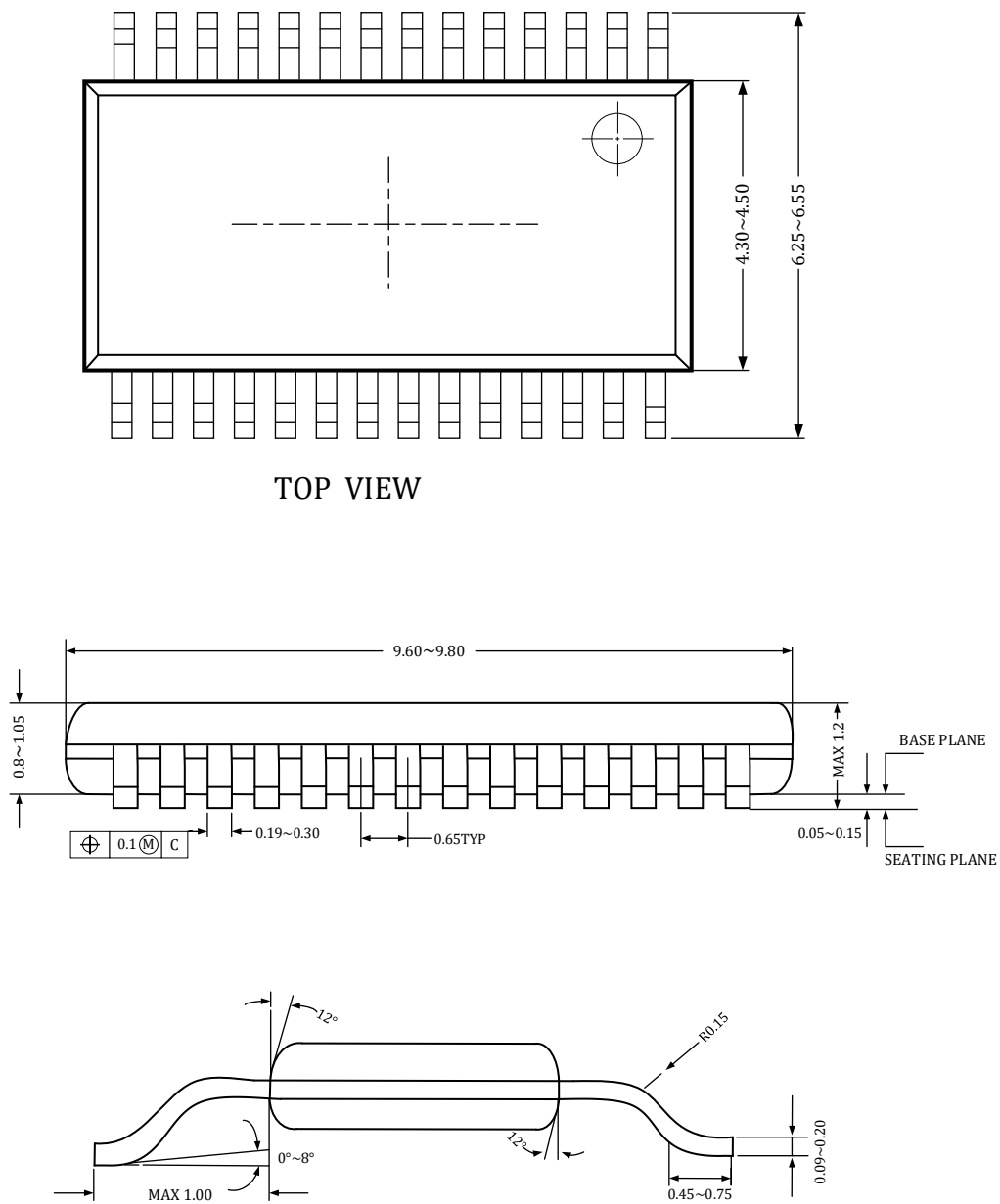


Figure 4-4 LKS32MC038Y6P8(B/C) Packaging

4.5 LKS32MC038LY6Q8B(C)

5 QFN4*4 28L-0.75 Profile Quad Flat Package:

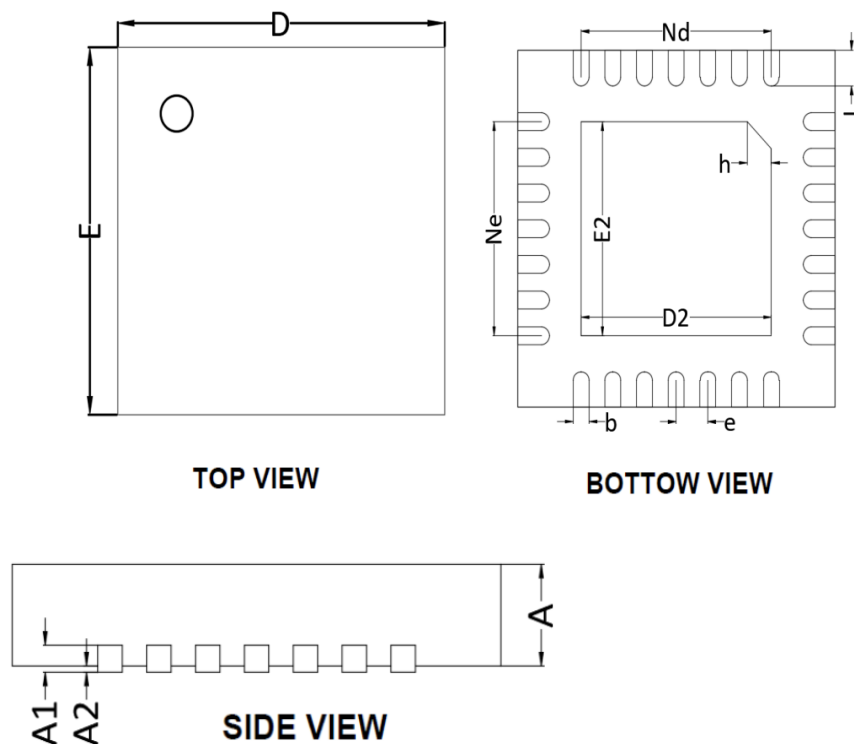


Figure 4-3 LKS32MC038LY6Q8(B/C) Packaging

Table 4-4 LKS32MC038LY6Q8(B/C) Package Dimensions

SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0.203 REF		
A2	0.00	0.02	0.05
D	3.90	4.00	4.10
E	3.90	4.00	4.10
D2	2.30	2.40	2.50
E2	2.30	2.40	2.50
e	0.40 BSC		
Nd	2.40 BSC		
Ne	2.40 BSC		
L	0.35	0.40	0.45
b	0.15	0.20	0.25
h	0.30	0.35	0.40

5.1 LKS32MC032LK6T8C

LQFP32

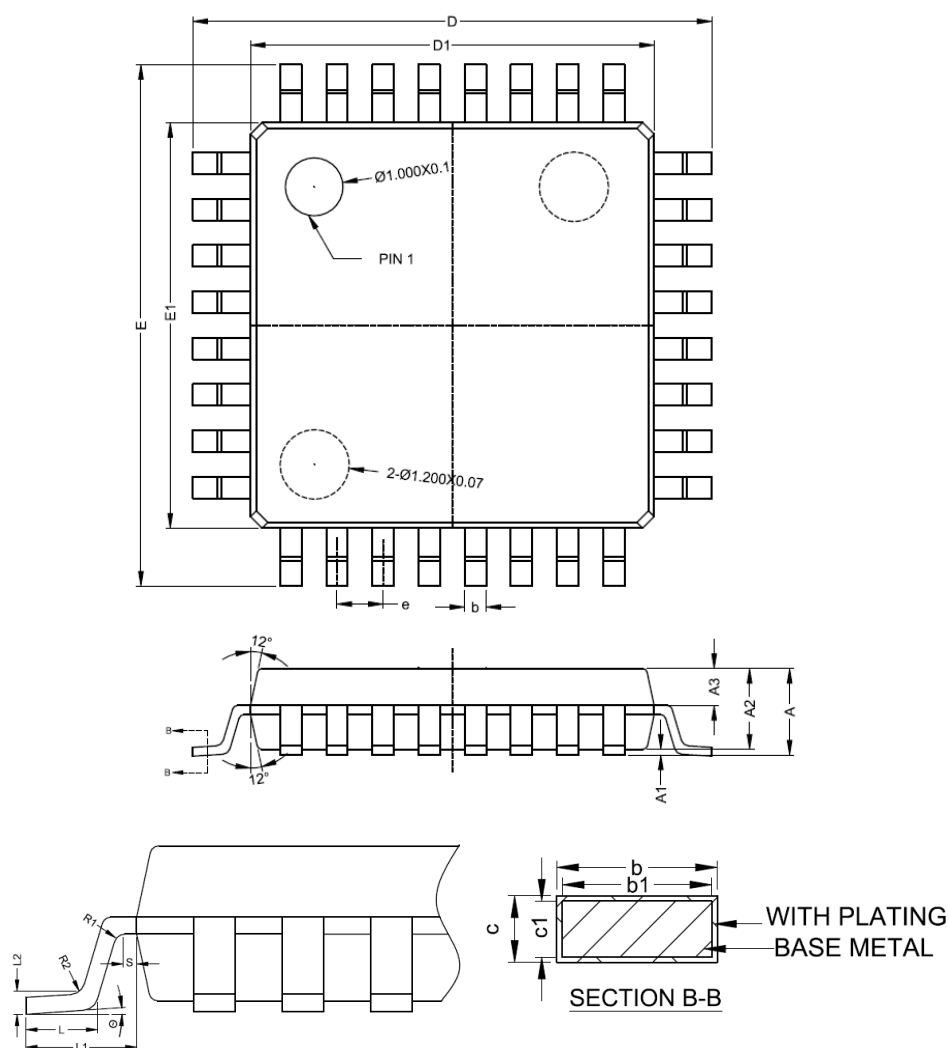


Figure 4-4 LKS32MC032LK6T8C Packaging

Table 4-4 LKS32MC032LK6T8C Package Dimensions

SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	-	-	0.80
A1	0.05	0.10	0.15
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45
A3	0.59	0.64	0.69
b	0.32	-	0.43
b1	0.31	0.35	0.39
c	0.13	-	0.18
c1	0.12	0.13	0.14
D	8.80	9.00	9.20

D1	6.90	7.00	7.10
E	8.80	9.00	9.20
E1	6.90	7.00	7.10
e	0.80BSC		
L	0.45	-	0.75
L1	1.00REF		
L2	0.25BSC		
R1	0.08	-	-
R2	0.08	-	0.20
s	0.20	-	-
θ	0°	3.5°	7°

6 Electrical Characteristics

Table 6-1 LKS32MC03x Electrical Limit Parameter

Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Description
MCU Supply Voltage (AVDD)	-0.3	+6.0	V	
Operating temperature	-40	+105	°C	
Supply Voltage (VCCLDO, pins in 037L/038L)	-0.3	+30.0	V	
Storage temperature	-40	+150	°C	
Junction temperature	-	125	°C	
Pin temperature	-	260	°C	Soldering for 10 sec

Table 6-2 LKS32MC03x Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Description
MCU Supply Voltage (AVDD)	2.5	5	5.5	V	
Analog Operating Voltage (AVDD _A)	2.8	5	5.5	V	REF2VDD=0, ADC uses internal 2.4V reference
	2.4	5	5.5	V	REF2VDD=1, ADC uses AVDD as reference
LDO Supply Voltage (VCCLDO)	7		20	V	LDO power supply

OPA could work under 2.5V, but the output range will be limited.

Table 6-3 LKS32MC03x ESD parameters

Item	Min.	Max.	Unit
ESD test (HBM)	-6000	6000	V

According to "MIL-STD-883J Method 3015.9", under the environment of 25°C and 55% relative humidity, electrostatic discharge is applied to all IO pins of the tested chip for 3 times, with an interval of 1s each time.

Table 6-4 LKS32MC03x Latch-up parameters

Item	Min.	Max.	Unit
Latch-up current (85°C)	-200	200	mA

According to "JEDEC STANDARD NO.78E NOVEMBER 2016", apply an overvoltage of 8V to all power IOs and inject 200mA of current on each signal IO.

Table 6-5 LKS32MC03x IO Limit Parameter

Parameter	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{IN}	Input voltage range for GPIO signals	-0.3	6.0	V
I _{INL_PAD}	Maximum injection current for single GPIOs	-11.2	11.2	mA
I _{INL_SUM}	Maximum injection current for all GPIOs	-50	50	mA

Table 6-6 LKS32MC03x IO DC Parameter

Parameter	Description	AVDD	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
V_{IH}	High input level of digital IO	5V	-	$0.7 \cdot AVDD$		V
		3.3V		2.0		
V_{IL}	Low input level of digital IO	5V	-		$0.3 \cdot AVDD$	V
		3.3V			0.8	
V_{HYS}	Schmidt hysteresis range	5V	-	$0.1 \cdot AVDD$		V
		3.3V				
I_{IH}	Digital IO current consumption when input is high	5V	-		1	uA
		3.3V				
I_{IL}	Digital IO current consumption when input is low	5V	-	-1		uA
		3.3V				
V_{OH}	High output level of digital IO		Current = 11.2mA	$AVDD - 0.8$		V
V_{OL}	Low output level of digital IO		Current = 11.2mA		0.5	V
R_{pup}	Pull-up resistor*			8	12	k Ω
R_{io-ana}	Connection resistance between IO and internal analog circuit			100	200	Ω
C_{IN}	Digital IO Input-capacitance	5V	-		10	pF
		3.3V				

* Only part of IOs have built-in pull-up resistors. Please refer to the pin description section for details

Table 6-7 LKS32MC03x Current Consumption IDDQ

Clock	Operating mode	3.3V	5V	Unit
48MHz	CPU, flash, SRAM, MCPWM, Timer, and all analog modules are active, IOs stay idle	8.570	8.650	mA
4MHz	CPU, flash, SRAM, MCPWM, Timer, and all analog modules except PLL are active, IOs stay idle	3.012	3.165	mA
64kHz		2.445	2.618	mA
-	Deep Sleep Mode, PLL and BGP are turned off, only 64kHz LRC is running	27	30	uA
-	All analog modules	2.4	2.55	mA

Unless otherwise specified, the above tests are all measured at room temperature of 25°. Due to the deviation of the device model in the manufacturing process, the current consumption of different chips will have individual differences.

7 Analog Characteristics

Table 7-1 LKS32MC03x Analog Characteristics

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Description
ADC					
Supply voltage	2.8	5	5.5	V	REF2VDD=0, ADC uses internal 2.4V reference
	2.4	5	5.5	V	REF2VDD=1, ADC uses AVDD as reference
Output bitrate		1.2		MHz	$f_{adc}/20$
Differential input signal range	-2.352		+2.352	V	REF2VDD=0, Gain=1; REF=2.4V
	-3.528		+3.528	V	REF2VDD=0, Gain=2/3; REF=3.6V
Single-ended input signal range	-0.3		+2.352	V	REF2VDD=0, Gain=1; REF=2.4V
	-0.3		+3.528	V	REF2VDD=0, Gain=2/3; REF=3.6V
	-0.3		AVDD* 0.9	V	REF2VDD=1, Gain=1; REF=AVDD
	-0.3		AVDD +0.3	V	REF2VDD=1, Gain=2/3, REF=AVDD, limited by IO diode clamp
The differential signal is usually the signal output from the OPA inside the chip to the ADC; The single-ended signal is usually the sampled signal from the external input through IO. Whether using an internal/external reference, the signal amplitude should not exceed $\pm 98\%$ of the ADC signal range. In particular, when using an external reference, it is recommended that the sampled signal not exceed 90% of the scale.					
DC offset		5	10	mV	Correctable
Effective number of bits (ENOB)	10.5	11		bit	
INL		2	3	LSB	
DNL		1	2	LSB	
SNR	63	66		dB	
Input resistance	500k			Ohm	
Input capacitance		10p		F	
Reference voltage (REF)					
Supply voltage	2.5	5	5.5	V	
Output deviation	-9		9	mV	
Power supply rejection ratio		70		dB	
Temperature coefficient		20		ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C	
Output voltage		2.4		V	
DAC					
Supply voltage	2.5	5	5.5	V	

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Description
Load resistance	50k			Ohm	
Load capacitance			50p	F	
Output voltage range	0.05		3.0	V	
Switching speed			1M	Hz	
DNL		1	2	LSB	
INL		2	4	LSB	
OFFSET		5	10	mV	
SNR	57	60	66	dB	
Operational amplifier (OPA)					
Supply voltage	3.1	5	5.5	V	
Bandwidth		10M	20M	Hz	
Load resistance	20k			Ohm	
Load capacitance			5p	F	
Common-mode input range	0		AVDD	V	
Output signal range	0		2*Vcm	V	Minimum load resistance
OFFSET		10	15	mV	This OFFSET is the equivalent differential input deviation obtained when the OPA differential input is short-circuited and OPA OUT is measured from 0 level. The output deviation of OPA is the OPA magnification x OFFSET
Common Mode Voltage (Vcm)	1.65		2.15	V	Measurement condition: normal temperature. Operational amplifier swing= $2 \times \min(AVDD-V_{cm}, V_{cm})$. It is recommended that the application using OPA single output should be powered on to measure Vcm and make software subtraction correction. For more analysis, please refer to the official website application note "ANN009 - Differences between Operational Amplifier Differential and Single Operating Mode".
Common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR)		80		dB	
Power supply rejection ratio (PSRR)		80		dB	
Load current			500	uA	
Slew rate		5		V/us	

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Description
Phase margin		60		°	
Comparator (CMP)					
Supply voltage	2.5	5	5.5	V	
Input signal range	0		AVDD	V	
OFFSET		-12.92		mV	0 mV hysteresis, CMP output low-to-high inversion
		-12.12		mV	0 mV hysteresis, CMP output high-to-low inversion
		-11.63		mV	20 mV hysteresis, CMP output low-to-high inversion
		5.21		mV	20 mV hysteresis, CMP output high-to-low inversion
Transmission delay		0.15		uS	Default power consumption
		0.6		uS	Low power consumption
Hysteresis		20		mV	HYS='0'
		0		mV	HYS='1'
GPIO					
High Level Inversion Threshold	2.61		3.04	V	

Description of the analog register table:

The addresses 0x40000010-0x40000028 are the calibration registers for each module, which are provided with calibration values before being shipped from the factory. In general, you are not recommended to configure or change these values. To fine tune the analog parameters, you need to read the original calibration value.

The registers in the blank section must all be configured to 0 (reset to 0 when the chip is powered up). Other registers are configured as required by application scenarios.

8 Power Management System

8.1 Power Supply System for the AVDD Pin

The power management system consists of the LDO15 module and power-on/power-down reset module (POR).

The power input of the 033, 037, 038 chip is AVDD and the voltage range is 2.5-5.5V. It is recommended that the off-chip decoupling capacitor be $\geq 1\mu\text{F}$ as close as possible to the AVDD pin.

AVDD is a 5V LDO output for the 037L/038L chip. It is recommended that the off-chip decoupling capacitor be $\geq 1\mu\text{F}$ as close as possible to the AVDD pin.

AVDD supplies power to the LDO15 module that powers all internal digital circuits and PLL modules.

LDO15 is automatically enabled after power-up and requires no software configuration, but the output voltage of LDO15 needs to be fine-tuned by software.

The output voltage of LDO15 can be adjusted by setting the register LDO15TRIM<2:0>. Please refer to the description of the analog register table for specific register values. LDO15 is calibrated before the chip is shipped from the factory.

The POR module monitors the voltage of LDO15 and provides a reset signal to the digital circuit when the LDO15 voltage falls below 1.1V (for example, at the beginning of power-up or during power-down), to avoid the abnormal operation of the digital circuit.

8.2 Power Supply System of the VCCLDO Pin

The VCCLDO pin in the 037L/038L model operates from 7-20V to power the on-chip 5V LDO module. If 5V AVDD is used for external power supply, the power supply current is limited to below 20mA.

9 Timer System

The timer system consists of an internal 64kHz RC timer, an internal 4MHz RC timer, and a PLL circuit.

The 64k RC timer is used as an MCU slow timer, a filtration module or an MCU timer in a low power state. The 4MHz RC timer is used as the MCU master timer and, when used in conjunction with the PLL, it can provide a timer up to 48MHz.

The 64k and 4M RC timers are factory calibrated, the 4M RC timer has a customized calibration register to further calibrate the accuracy to $\pm 0.5\%$. In the temperature range of $-40-105^{\circ}\text{C}$, the accuracy of the 64k RC timer is $\pm 50\%$ and that of the 4M RC timer is $\pm 1\%$.

The 4M RC timer is turned on by setting RCHPD = '0' (on by default, and off when set to '1'). The RC timer requires the Bandgap voltage reference module to provide reference voltage and current. Therefore, it is necessary to enable the BGP module before turning on the RC timer. The 4M RC timer is turned on and the BGP module is enabled by default in case of chip power-up. The 64k RC timer is always turned on and cannot be turned off.

The PLL multiplies the frequency of the 4M RC timer, to ensure a higher-speed timer for modules such as MCU, ADC, etc. The highest timer of the MCU and PWM modules is 48MHz, while the typical timer of the ADC module is 24MHz.

The PLL module is enabled by setting PLLPDN = '1' (off by default, and on when set to 1). The BGP (Bandgap) module needs to be enabled before the PLL module. After enabling the PLL module, it will take a stabilization time of 6 μs to output a stable timer. By default when the chip is powered on, the RCH timer is turned on and the BGP module is enabled; however, the PLL module is disabled, and needs to be enabled with software.

10 Reference Voltage Source

The reference voltage source provides reference voltage and current for the ADC, DAC, RC timer, PLL, temperature sensor, operational amplifier, comparator, and FLASH. The reference voltage source of BGP needs to be enabled before using any of these modules.

The BGP module is enabled by default when the chip is powered on. The reference voltage source is enabled by setting BGPPD = '0', and BGP needs about 2 μ s to stabilize from being enabled to disabled. The output voltage of BGP is about 1.2V with an accuracy of $\pm 0.8\%$

The reference voltage source is measured by setting REF_AD_EN = '1' to send the reference voltage to IO P0.0.

11 ADC Module

A SAR ADC is integrated into the chip. The ADC module is disabled by default when the chip is powered on. Before the ADC is enabled, it is necessary to enable the BGP and PLL modules, turn on the 4M RC timer, and select the ADC operating frequency. The ADC operating timer is 24 M by default.

The ADC requires at least 17 ADC timer cycles to complete a conversion, of which 12 are conversion cycles and 5 are sampling ones. The sampling period can be set by configuring the SAMP_TIME register in SYS_AFE_REG2. It is required to set not less than 3 sampling periods, that is, more than 8 ADC clocks.

The recommended value is 3, which corresponds to an output data rate of 1.2MHz for the ADC.

The ADC operates in the following modes: single single-channel trigger, continuous single-channel trigger, single 1-16 channel scanning, and continuous 1-16 channel scanning. Each ADC has 16 independent sets of registers for each channel.

The ADC trigger event may come from external timer signals T0, T1, T2, T3 for a preset number of times, or may be triggered by software.

The ADC has two gain modes that are set by SYS_AFE_REG0.GA_AD, corresponding to 1 x time and 2/3 x times gains. The 1 x time gain corresponds to an input signal of $\pm 2.4V$, and the 2/3 x times gain corresponds to an input signal amplitude of $\pm 3.6V$. In measuring the output signal of an operational amplifier, the specific ADC gain is selected based on the maximum possible output signal of the operational amplifier.

12 Operational Amplifier

Two input and output rail-to-rail operational amplifiers, with a built-in feedback resistor $R2/R1$. External pins should be connected in series with a resistor $R0$. The value of resistance of the feedback resistors $R2:R1$ can be set via register `RES_OPA <1:0>` for different magnification. The values corresponding to the specific registers are described in the analog register table.

The final magnification is $R2/(R1+R0)$, where $R0$ is the value of resistance of the external resistor.

A capacitor greater than or equal to 15pF is required to be connected across the two input pins of the op amp.

For applications of direct sampling of MOS transistor resistor, it is recommended to connect an external resistor of $>20k\Omega$ to reduce the current flowing into the chip pins when the MOS transistor is turned off.

For small resistor sampling applications, external resistors of 100Ω are recommended.

The amplifier can select the output signal in the amplifier by setting `OPAOUT_EN` to send it to P0.7 IO port through BUFFER for measurement and application. Because BUFFER exists, it is also possible to send one output signal of the op amp under its normal operation mode.

In the default state when the chip is powered up, the amplifier module is turned off. The amplifier can be enabled by setting `OPAPDN = '1'` and the BGP module should be enabled before enabling the amplifier.

The clamping diode is built into the positive and negative input terminals of the op amp, and the motor phase line is directly connected to the input terminal through a matching resistor, thus simplifying the external circuit of MOSFET current sampling.

13 Comparator

There is a built-in 2 comparators, of which the comparison speed, the hysteresis voltage, and the signal source are programmable.

The comparator has a comparison delay of 0.15us and can also be set to less than 30ns via register CMP_FT. The hysteresis voltage is set to 20mV/0mV via CMP_HYS.

The signal source for both the positive and the negative inputs of the comparator can be programmed through the registers CMP_SELP<2:0> and CMP_SELN<1:0> as described in the register simulation instructions.

The comparator module is turned off by default when the chip is powered on. The comparator can be enabled by setting CMPxPDN = '1' and the BGP module should be enabled before enabling the comparator.

14 Temperature Sensor

A temperature sensor with an accuracy of $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ is built into the chip. The chip will undergo temperature correction before delivery, and the correction value is saved in the flash info area.

The temperature sensor module is turned off by default when the chip is powered on. The BGP module should be enabled before enabling the temperature sensor.

The temperature sensor is turned on by setting $\text{TMPPDN} = '1'$. It takes approximately 2us to turn on until stable, so it needs to be turned on 2us before the ADC measures the sensor.

15 DAC Module

The chip has A built-in 8-bit DAC, and the output signal range of the A version is 3V, the output signal range of the B version is 3V/4.8V, and the output signal range of the C version is 1.2V/3V/4.8V.

For the C version of the chip, you need to set SYS AFE REG2.BIT15=1 to use the DAC's 1.2V range.

The 8bit DAC can be configured with register DACOUT EN=1 to send the DAC output to the IO port P0.0, which can drive a load resistance >50kΩ and a load capacitor of 50pF.

Since 03x series chips are not equipped with DAC hardware correction registers, in order to ensure DAC output accuracy, users need to read DAC_{AMC}/DAC_{DC} correction values of corresponding ranges from NVR according to different DAC ranges for software correction.

The digital quantity corresponding to the expected output value of the DAC is D_{DAC} , the gain correction is DAC_{AMC} , and the DC bias correction is DAC_{DC} . The DAC_{AMC} is a 10bit unsigned number, the $DAC_{AMC}[9]$ is an integer part, and the $DAC_{AMC}[8:0]$ is a decimal part, which can represent a fixed-point number near 1, and 0x200 corresponds to 1. The Saturation values are as follows:

$$SYS_AFE_DAC = \text{Saturation}(D_{DAC} * DAC_{AMC} - DAC_{DC})$$

See the official library function for details.

The maximum output bit rate of the DAC is 1MHz.

When the chip is powered on, the DAC module is disabled by default. The DAC can be enabled by setting $DACPND = 1$. Before enabling the DAC module, enable the BGP module.

16 Processor

- 32-bit Cortex-M0 +DIV/SQRT coprocessor
- 2-wire SWD debugging pin
- Maximum operating frequency: 48MHz

17 Storage Resources

17.1 Flash

- The built-in flash includes a main storage area of 16/32kB and an information storage area of 1kB NVR
- Repeatable erasing and write-in of not less than 20,000 times
- Data is maintained for up to 100 years at a room temperature of 25°C
- The single-byte programming time is up to 7.5us, and the Sector erasing time is up to 5ms
- The Sector is 512 bytes, and can be erased or write-in by Sector. It supports runtime programming
- Flash data anti-theft (the last word must be written to any value other than 0xFFFFFFFF)

17.2 Execute-only Zone

Some 16kB flash capacity models are equipped with an execute-only zone of 16kB. After programming encryption, such models have the execution permission but do not have the read or write permission. Reprogramming with repeated erasure is supported.

17.3 SRAM

- Built-in 4KB SRAM

18 MCPWM Dedicated to Motor Drive

- The maximum operating timer frequency of MCPWM is 48MHz
- Supporting up to 4 channels complementary PWM outputs with adjustable phases
- The dead zone width of each channel can be configured independently
- Edge-aligned PWM mode supported
- Software control IO mode supported
- IO polarity control supported
- Internal short-circuit protection: avoiding short circuits caused by incorrect configuration
- External short-circuit protection: fast shutdown based on monitoring of external signals
- ADC sampling interrupt generates internally
- Use load register pre-memory timer to configure parameters
- The loading time and period of the loading register can be configured

19 Timer

- Two general-purpose timers, one 16bit timer and one 32bit timer
- Capturing mode is supported for measuring external signal width
- Comparison mode is supported for generating edge-aligned PWM/timing interrupts

20 Hall Sensor Interface

- Built-in maximum 1024 filtering
- Three Hall signal input
- 24-bit counter with overflow and capture interrupts

21 General Purpose Peripherals

- One UART works in the full-duplex operation mode, supporting 8/9 bits of data, 1/2 stop bit(s), odd/even/no parity mode, with 1 byte send cache, 1 byte receive cache, with Multi-drop Slave/Master mode, and the baud rate ranging from 300-115200
- One SPI for master-slave mode
- One IIC for master-slave mode
- Hardware watchdog, driven by RC timer, being independent of system high speed timer, write-in protection

22 Special IO Multiplexing

Precautions for LKS03x special IO multiplexing

The SWD protocol consists of two signal lines: SWCLK and SWDIO. The former is a timer signal that, for the chip, is the input state and does not change the input state. The latter is a data signal that switches between an input state and an output state during data transmission for the chip, which defaults to the input state.

LKS03x can realize the function of multiplexing two IOs of SWD into other IOs. IO multiplexed by SWCLK is P1.8, and IO multiplexed by SWDIO is P1.9. The precautions are as follows:

- Multiplexing is disabled by default, and software is needed to write a 0 to SYS_IO_CFG[6] to enable the multiplexing. That is, after the hard reset of the chip is complete, the initial state is for SWD. The two IOs of the SWD have a pull-up inside the chip (the pull-up resistance of the chip is about 10K). When IO functions as SWD, the pull-up is turned on by default and cannot be turned off. When IO functions as GPIO, pull-up can be worked via GPIO1_PUE[8] and GPIO1_PUE[9]. P1.8 and P1.9 are fixed as SWD functions within 30ms of chip power-on reset, the software can write 0 to SYS_IO_CFG[6], but IO function switching takes effect after 30ms. LRC counting was used for 30ms with some deviation due to process reasons.
- When multiplexing is enabled, tools such as KEIL cannot directly access the chip, that is, Debug and erase download are unavailable. There are two options if you need to re-download the program.
- Firstly, it is recommended to use Linko dedicated offline downloader to erase. It is recommended to reserve a certain margin for the time for enabling software multiplexing, for example, approximately 100ms, to ensure that the offline downloader can be erased to prevent deadlock. The amount of margin is to ensure the success rate of offline downloader erasure. The larger the margin, the greater the probability of a successful one-time erase.
- Secondly, there is an exit mechanism inside the program. For example, the change of some other IO level (generally as input) indicates that the external needs to use SWDIO in software reconfiguration and de-multiplexing. At this point, the KEIL function can be restored.

In the packaging of SSOP24, QFN40, and SOP16L, SWDIO, SWCLK may have bonded with other IOs. At this point, it should be noted that other IO action may cause the chip to misinterpret the SWD action.

The considerations for SWCLK multiplexing are as follows:

- Multiplexing is disabled by default, and software is needed to enable the multiplexing. That is, after the hard reset of the chip, the initial state is used for SWCLK, which is pulled up inside the chip (the internal pull-up resistance of the chip is about 10K). Please pay attention if the initial level is required by the application.
- When multiplexing is enabled, tools such as KEIL cannot directly access the chip, that is, Debug and erase download are unavailable. There are two options if you need to re-download the program.



- Firstly, it is recommended to use Linko dedicated offline downloader to erase. It is recommended to reserve a certain margin for the time for enabling software multiplexing, for example, approximately 100ms, to ensure that the offline downloader can be erased to prevent deadlock. The amount of margin is to ensure the success rate of offline downloader erasure. The larger the margin, the greater the probability of a successful one-time erase.
- Second, there is an exit mechanism inside the program. For example, the change of some other IO level (generally as input) indicates that the external needs to use SWCLK in software reconfiguration and de-multiplexing. At this point, the KEIL function can be restored.

If only SWCLK is multiplexed and SWDIO is not multiplexed at this point, please refer to the above precautions.

RSTN signal is used for external reset pins for the LKS05x chip by default.

LKS03x can realize the functions of RSTN multiplexing into other IO. The multiplexed IO is P0.2. The precautions are as follows:

- Multiplexing is disabled by default, and software is needed to write a 1 to SYS_IO_CFG[5] to multiplex RSTN as a normal GPIO. That is, the initial state of the chip is used for RSTN, which is pulled up inside the chip (the internal pull-up resistance of the chip is about 100K). Please pay attention if the initial level is required by the application.
- The default state is RSTN. Program execution can only be started after RSTN is released normally. The application needs to ensure that RSTN has adequate protection, such as peripheral circuit pull-up. If capacitance can be added, it is better.
- When multiplexing is enabled, the RSTN function becomes invalid. If a hard reset of the chip is required, the source can only be powered down/watchdog.
- RSTN multiplexing does not affect the use of KEIL.

23 Ordering Information

Tray Package:

Package Type	Quantity per disc/tube	Quantity in box	Quantity in case
SOP16/ESOP16L	3000/ disc	6000PCS	48000PCS
SSOP24	4000/ disc	8000PCS	64000PCS
SSOP24	50/ pipe	10000PCS	4000/100000PCS
QFN 8*8	260/ disc	2600PCS	15600PCS
QFN 4*4/5*5/6*6	490/ disc	4900PCS	29400PCS
QFN 3*3	5000/ disc	5000PCS	40000PCS
LQFP48/TQFP48 0707	250/ disc	2500PCS	15000PCS
LQFP64 1010	160/ disc	1600PCS	9600PCS
LQFP100 1414	90/ disc	900PCS	5400PCS
TSSOP20/28	4000/ disc	8000PCS	64000PCS

Reel Package:

Package Type		Quantity per disc/tube	Quantity per box	Quantity boxes per case	Quantity per case
Braid -13 inches	SOP/ESOP8	4000	8000	8	64000
Braid -13 inches	SOP/ESOP16	3000	6000	8	48000
Braid -13 inches	SSOP24	4000	8000	8	64000
Braid -13 inches	TSSOP20	4000	8000	8	64000
Braid -13 inches	D/QFN3*3	5000	10000	8	80000
Braid -13 inches	D/QFN4*4	5000	10000	8	80000
Braid -13 inches	D/QFN5*5	5000	10000	8	80000
Pipe	SOP16	50	10000	10	100000
Pipe	SOP14/SSOP24	50	10000	10	100000
Pipe	TSSOP24	54	6480	6	38880

24 Version History

Table 24-1 Document Version History

Time	Version No.	Description
08/21/2025	2.63	Naming rule update
07/31/2025	2.62	Supplementary SDA Pin Multiplexing
07/22/2025	2.61	Delete the Flash section: and simultaneous erasing of and write-in to one Sector can be made while reading and accessing another Sector
07/21/2025	2.60	Delete the description of the PVD module
05/13/2025	2.59	Added description of DAC configuration to the release notes section Correction of pin definition diagram of MC033H6P8
01/16/2024	2.58	Add Comparator flip voltage
12/27/2024	2.57	Add 032LK6T8C
11/21/2024	2.56	Description of Added ADC Saturation Range
11/11/2024	2.55	Device selection diagram modified
08/04/2024	2.54	Order package information updates to confirm package information by package type and package form
07/17/2024	2.53	Increase GPIO High Toggle Threshold
07/04/2024	2.52	Revise MCU temperature information
04/10/2024	2.51	DAC description update
04/02/2024	2.50	DAC adds description of software correction
03/20/2024	2.49	DAC added C version 1.2V range instructions
03/13/2024	2.48	Add C version description
01/05/2024	2.47	037L Pin assignment modified
11/09/2023	2.46	OPA OFFSET Adds the description, Renewal storage temperature
11/07/2023	2.45	Update LKS32MC038LY6Q8B ordering information
9/25/2023	2.44	Modified Pin temperature
7/28/2023	2.43	Add 038LY6Q8B
7/26/2023	2.42	Add DAC 1.2V range
6/4/2023	2.41	Add 037L and 038L
4/3/2023	2.4	Modify package name
3/16/2023	2.39	Revise bits of data of UART
1/12/2023	2.38	Add characteristic of common mode voltage
1/9/2023	2.37	Add ordering information
12/6/2022	2.36	Revise 033H6Q8(B) pin assignment diagram
11/28/2022	2.35	Update the LRC clock frequency
11/21/2022	2.34	Update device selection table
11/12/2022	2.33	Update the LRC clock frequency and full temperature error range
11/7/2022	2.32	Add connection resistance between IO and internal analog circuit
10/28/2022	2.31	Add instructions for reading SYS_AFE_INFO to view chip version
10/25/2022	2.3	Revise name of version A/B

10/24/2022	2.2	Revise power supply and add 039D,039PL5,039PL3
9/23/2022	2.12	Revise DateCode format
9/16/2022	2.11	034S has LDO inside.
9/6/2022	2.1	Add pin description of version A/B
8/11/2022	2.0	Split 3P3N, 6N and MCU model DS
7/27/2022	1.91	Add 034S
7/21/2022	1.9	Rollback ADC_CH6/7 pin position revision
6/2/2022	1.8	Adjust ADC_CH6/7 Pin location, correct pin multiplexing table. DAC range is changed from 3.0V to 4.8V
3/8/2022	1.7	Add 034D
2/28/2022	1.6	Add 037Q
2/22/2022	1.5	Revise ADC channel number and CMP channel number, remove ADC_CH8 in pin function
1/24/2022	1.4	Revise P0.4, P0.6 Comparator 0 positive input number; Add P0.8 for 033
11/9/2021	1.3	Add 038
11/3/2021	1.2	Add 033, 037F
9/7/2021	1.1	Revised description for VCC power section
9/2/2021	1.0	Initial version

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For earlier versions, please refer to this document.

